

ARM® Cortex®-M
32-bit Microcontroller

NuMaker-M252SD
User Manual
NuMicro® M252 Series

The information described in this document is the exclusive intellectual property of Nuvoton Technology Corporation and shall not be reproduced without permission from Nuvoton.

Nuvoton is providing this document only for reference purposes of NuMicro microcontroller based system design. Nuvoton assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions.

All data and specifications are subject to change without notice.

For additional information or questions, please contact: Nuvoton Technology Corporation.

www.nuvoton.com

Table of Contents

1	Overview.....	7
2	Features	8
3	NuMaker-M252SD Overview	9
3.1	Front View.....	9
3.2	Rear View	10
3.3	Extension Connectors.....	11
3.3.1	Pin Assignment for Extension Connectors.....	11
3.3.2	Arduino UNO Compatible Extension Connectors	14
3.4	System Configuration	16
3.4.1	VIN Power Source	16
3.4.2	5 V Power Sources	16
3.4.3	3.3 V Power Sources.....	16
3.4.4	1.8V Power Sources	17
3.4.5	Power Connectors	17
3.4.6	USB Connectors	17
3.4.7	Power Switches	17
3.4.8	Power Supply Models	18
3.5	External Reference Voltage Connector	21
3.6	Voltage Adjustable Interface(VAI) Connector	21
3.7	Ammeter Connector	21
3.8	Extension Connectors.....	22
3.9	Push-Buttons	22
3.10	LEDs	22
3.11	Nu-Link2-Me	23
3.11.1	VCOM Switches.....	23
3.11.2	Status LEDs	23
3.12	Toolchains Supporting	24
3.13	Nuvoton Nu-Link Driver Installation	24
3.14	BSP Firmware Download.....	26
3.15	Hardware Setup	26
3.16	Find the Example Project.....	28
3.17	Execute the Project under Toolchains.....	28
3.17.1	Keil MDK	28

3.17.2 IAR EWARM.....	32
3.17.3 NuEclipse	33
4 NuMaker-M252SD Schematics	40
4.1 Nu-Link2-Me	40
4.2 M252 platform	41
4.3 Extension Connector	42
4.4 PCB Placement	43
5 REVISION HISTORY	44

List of Figures

Figure 1-1 NuMaker-M252SD Board	7
Figure 3-1 Front View of NuMaker-M252SD.....	9
Figure 3-2 Rear View of NuMaker-M252SD	10
Figure 3-3 M252SD2AE Extension Connectors.....	11
Figure 3-4 Arduino UNO Compatible Extension Connectors.....	14
Figure 3-5 External Power Supply Sources on Nu-Link2-Me	18
Figure 3-6 External Power Supply Sources on M252 platform.....	19
Figure 3-7 Separate the Nu-Link2-Me from NuMaker-M252SD	20
Figure 3-8 Wiring between Ammeter Connector and Ammeter.....	21
Figure 3-9 Nu-Link USB Driver Installation Setup.....	24
Figure 3-10 Nu-Link USB Driver Installation	25
Figure 3-11 Open VCOM Function	26
Figure 3-12 ICE USB Connector.....	26
Figure 3-13 Device Manger.....	27
Figure 3-14 PuTTY Session Setting	27
Figure 3-15 Template Project Folder Path	28
Figure 3-16 Warning Message of “Device not found”	28
Figure 3-17 Project File Migrate to Version 5 Format.....	29
Figure 3-18 Debugger Setting in Options Window.....	29
Figure 3-19 Programming Setting in Options Window.....	30
Figure 3-20 Compile and Download the Project	30
Figure 3-21 Keil MDK Debug Mode	31
Figure 3-22 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows	31
Figure 3-23 IAR EWARM Window	32
Figure 3-24 Compile and Download the Project	32
Figure 3-25 IAR EWARM Debug Mode	33
Figure 3-26 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows	33
Figure 3-27 Import the Project in NuEclipse	34
Figure 3-28 Import Projects Windows	34
Figure 3-29 Open Project Properties Window	35
Figure 3-30 Project Properties Settings	35
Figure 3-31 Build Project.....	36
Figure 3-32 Open Debug Configuration	36
Figure 3-33 Main Tab Configuration	37
Figure 3-34 Debugger Tab Configuration	37
Figure 3-35 Startup Tab Configuration	38

Figure 3-36 NuEclipse Debug Mode	39
Figure 3-37 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows	39
Figure 4-1 Nu-Link2-Me Circuit	40
Figure 4-2 M252 platform Circuit	41
Figure 4-3 Extension Connectors Circuit	42
Figure 4-4 Front Placement	43
Figure 4-5 Rear Placement	43

List of Tables

Table 3-1 Extension Connectors.....	11
Table 3-2 M252SD2AE Full-pin Extension Connectors and GPIO Function List	13
Table 3-3 Arduino UNO Extension Connectors and M252SD2AE Mapping GPIO List.....	15
Table 3-4 Vin Power Source	16
Table 3-5 5V Power Sources	16
Table 3-6 3.3 V Power Sources	16
Table 3-7 1.8V Power Sources	17
Table 3-8 Power Connectors	17
Table 3-9 USB Connectors	17
Table 3-10 Power Switches	17
Table 3-11 Supply External Power through Nu-Link2-Me	18
Table 3-12 Supply External Power for M252 platform	20
Table 3-13 External Reference Voltage Connector	21
Table 3-14 Voltage Adjustable Interface Connector	21
Table 3-15 Ammeter Connector	21
Table 3-16 Extension Connectors.....	22
Table 3-17 Push-Buttons	22
Table 3-18 LEDs	22
Table 3-19 VCOM Function of Nu-Link2-Me.....	23
Table 3-20 Operation Status LED Patterns	23

1 OVERVIEW

The NuMaker-M252SD is a development board for Nuvoton NuMicro® M252 microcontrollers. The NuMaker-M252SD consists of two parts: a M252 platform and an on-board Nu-Link2-Me debugger and programmer. The NuMaker-M252SD is designed for project evaluation, prototype development and validation with power consumption monitoring function.

The M252 platform is based on NuMicro® M252SD2AE. For the development flexibility, the M252 platform provides the extension connectors of M252SD2AE, the Arduino UNO compatible headers and able to adopt multiple power supply. Furthermore, the Nuvoton-designed ammeter connector can measure the power consumption instantly, which is essential for the prototype evaluation.

In addition to the M252 platform, there is an attached on-board debugger and programmer “Nu-Link2-Me”. The Nu-Link2-Me supports on-chip debugging, online and offline ICP programming via SWD interface. The Nu-Link2-Me supports virtual COM (VCOM) port for printing debug messages on PC. Besides, the programming status could be shown on the built-in LEDs. Lastly, the Nu-Link2-Me could be detached from the development board and becoming a stand-alone mass production programmer.

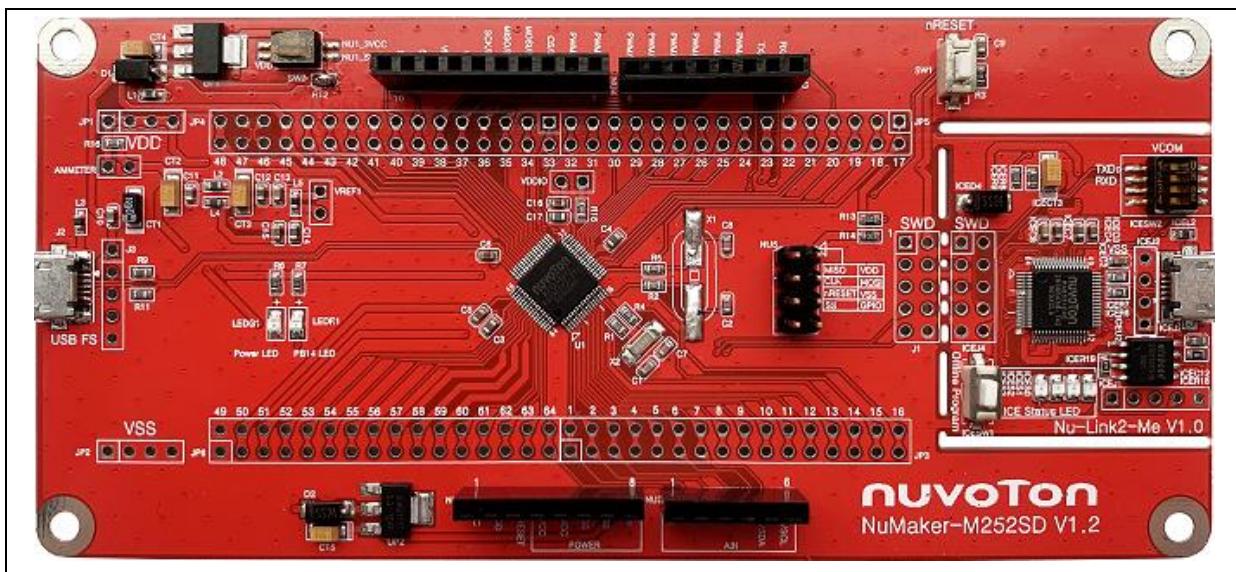


Figure 1-1 NuMaker-M252SD Board

2 FEATURES

- NuMicro® M252SD2AE microcontroller with function compatible with:
 - ◆ M252SD2AE
 - ◆ M252SC2AE
 - ◆ M252LD2AE
 - ◆ M252LC2AE
 - ◆ M252ZD2AE
- M252SD2AE extension connectors
- Arduino UNO compatible extension connectors
- Ammeter connector for measuring the microcontroller's power consumption
- Fixable board power supply:
 - ◆ External V_{DD} power connector
 - ◆ Arduino UNO compatible extension connector Vin
 - ◆ USB FS connector on M252 platform
 - ◆ ICE USB connector on Nu-Link2-Me
- On-board Nu-Link2-Me debugger and programmer:
 - ◆ Debug through SWD interface
 - ◆ On-line/off-line programming
 - ◆ Virtual COM port function

3 NUMAKER-M252SD OVERVIEW

3.1 Front View

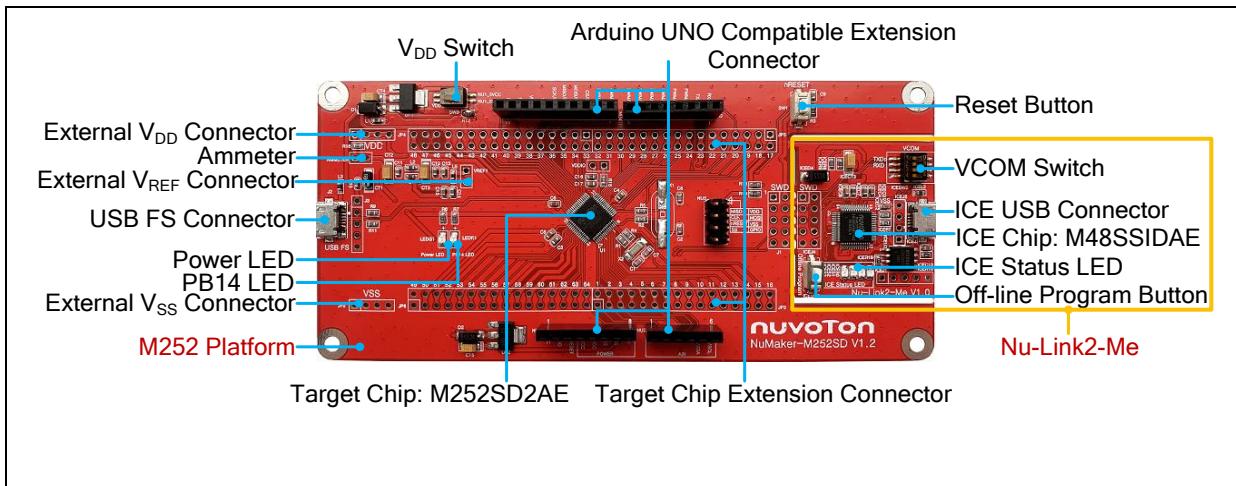


Figure 3-1 Front View of NuMaker-M252SD

Figure 3-1 shows the main components and connectors from the front side of NuMaker-M252SD. The following lists components and connectors from the front view:

- Target Chip: M252SD2AE(U1)
- USB FS Connector(J2)
- Arduino UNO Compatible Extension Connectors (NU1, NU2, NU3, NU4)
- M252 Extension Connectors (JP3, JP4, JP5 and JP6)
- External V_{DD} Power Connector(JP1)
- External V_{ss} Power Connector(JP2)
- External V_{REF} Connector(VREF1)
- VDD Switch(SW2)
- Ammeter Connector(AMMETER)
- Reset Button(SW1)
- Power LED and PB14 LED(LEDG1 and LEDR1)
- Nu-Link2-Me
 - ◆ VCOM Switch
 - ◆ ICE Chip: M48SSIDAE(ICEU2)
 - ◆ ICE USB Connector(ICEJ3)
 - ◆ ICE Status LED(ICES0,ICES1, ICES2, ICES3)
 - ◆ Off-line Program Button(ICESW1)

3.2 Rear View

Figure 3-2 shows the main components and connectors from the rear side of NuMaker-M252SD.

The following lists components and connectors from the rear view:

- Nu-Link2-Me
 - ◆ MCVCC Power Switch (ICEJPR1)
 - ◆ ICEVCC Power Switch (ICEJPR2)

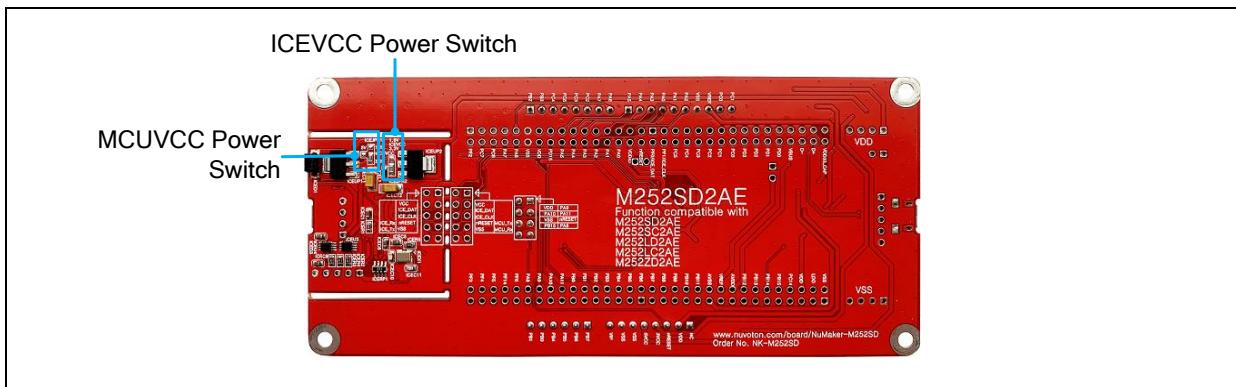


Figure 3-2 Rear View of NuMaker-M252SD

3.3 Extension Connectors

Table 3-1 presents the extension connectors.

Connector	Description
JP3, JP4, JP5 and JP6	Full pins extension connectors on the NuMaker-M252SD.
NU1, NU2, NU3 and NU4	Arduino UNO compatible pins on the NuMaker-M252SD.

Table 3-1 Extension Connectors

3.3.1 Pin Assignment for Extension Connectors

The NuMaker-M252SD provides the M252SD2AE target chip onboard and full pins extension connectors (JP3, JP4, JP5 and JP6). The Figure 3-3 shows the M252SD2AE extension connectors.

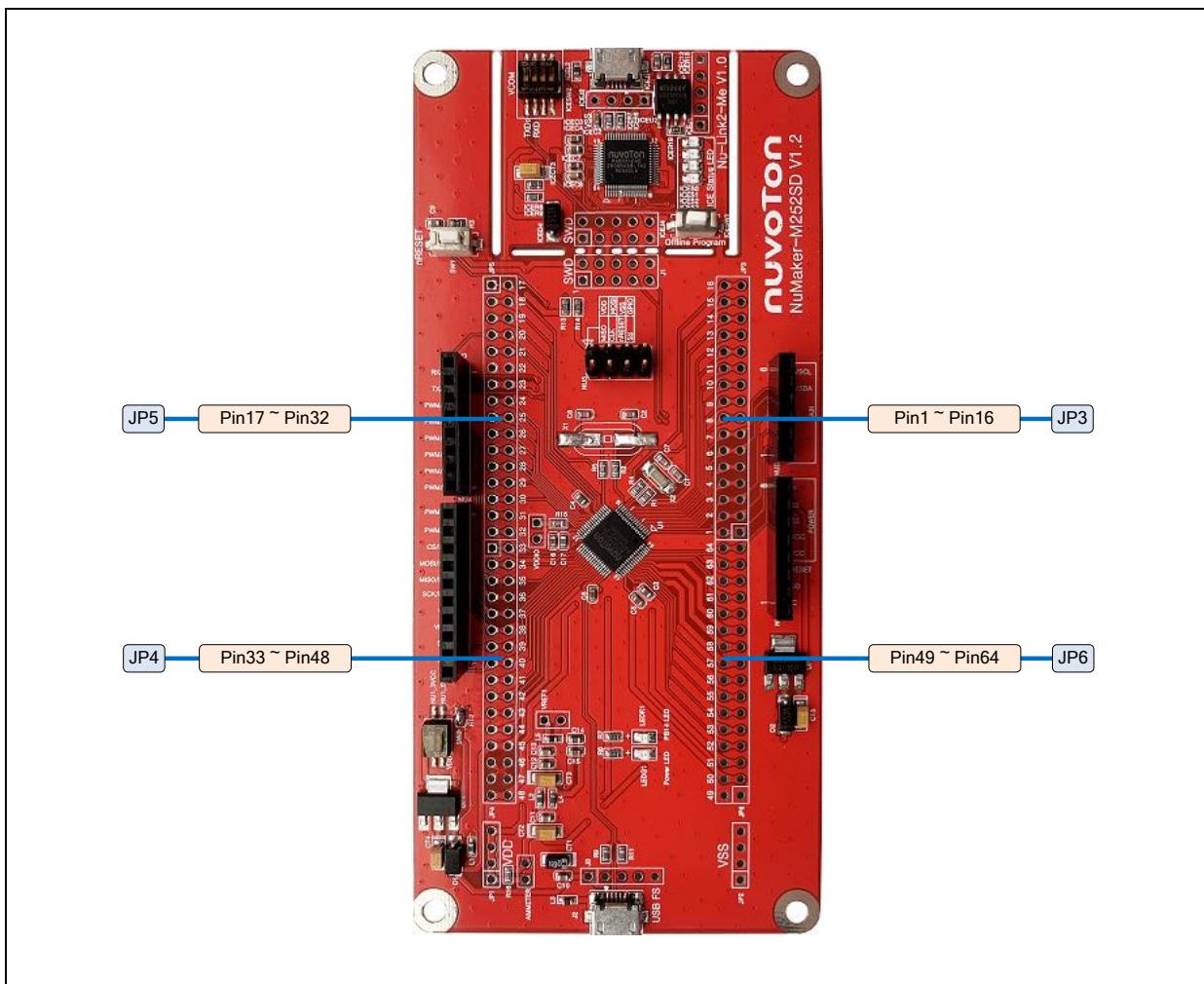


Figure 3-3 M252SD2AE Extension Connectors

Header		M252SD2AE	
		Pin No.	Function
JP3	JP3.1	1	PB.6/EADC0_CH6/USCI1_DAT1/UART1_RXD/BPWM1_CH5/PWM1_BRAKE1 /PWM1_CH5/INT4/ACMP1_O
	JP3.3	2	PB.5/EADC0_CH5/ACMP1_N/I2C0_SCL/USCI_CTL0/SC0_CLK/PWM0_CH0/UART2_T XD/TM0/INT0
	JP3.5	3	PB.4/EADC0_CH4/ACMP1_P1/I2C0_SDA/USCI1_CTL1/SC0_DAT/PWM0_CH1/UART2_ RXD/TM1/INT1
	JP3.7	4	PB.3/EADC0_CH3/ACMP0_N/I2C1_SCL/UART1_RXD/USCI1_DAT1/SC0_RST/PWM0_ CH2/PWM0_BRAKE0/TM2/INT2
	JP3.9	5	PB.2/EADC0_CH2/ACMP0_P1/I2C1_SDA/UART1_RXD/USCI1_DAT0/SC0_PWR/PWM0_ CH3/TM3/INT3
	JP3.11	6	PB.1/EADC0_CH1/UART2_RXD/USCI1_CLK/I2C1_SCL/PWM0_CH4/PWM1_CH4/PWM 0_BRAKE0
	JP3.13	7	PB.0/EADC0_CH0/UART2_RXD/SPI0_I2SMCLK/I2C1_SDA/PWM0_CH5/QSPI0_MOSI1 /PWM0_CH5/PWM1_CH5/PWM0_BRAKE1
	JP3.15	8	PA.11/ACMP0_P0/USCI0_CLK/BPWM0_CH0/TM0_EXT
	JP3.17	9	PA.10/ACMP1_P0/USCI0_DAT0/BPWM0_CH1/TM1_EXT
	JP3.19	10	PA.9/USCI0_DAT1/UART1_RXD/BPWM0_CH2/TM2_EXT
	JP3.21	11	PA.8/USCI0_CTL1/UART1_RXD/BPWM0_CH3/TM3_EXT/INT4
	JP3.23	12	PF.6/SC0_CLK/SPI0_MOSI/TAMPER0
	JP3.25	13	PF.14/PWM1_BRAKE0/PWM0_BRAKE0/PSIO0_CH3/PWM0_CH4/CLK0/TM3/INT5
	JP3.27	14	PF.5/UART2_RXD/UART2_nCTS/PWM0_CH0/BPWM0_CH4/X32_IN/EADC0_ST
	JP3.29	15	PF.4/UART2_RXD/UART2_nRTS/PWM0_CH1/BPWM0_CH5/X32_OUT
	JP3.31	16	PF.3/UART0_RXD/I2C0_SCL/XT1_IN
JP5	JP5.1	17	PF.2/UART0_RXD/I2C0_SDA/QSPI0_CLK/XT1_OUT/BPWM1_CH1
	JP5.3	18	PC.7/UART0_nCTS/I2C1_SMBAL/PWM1_CH2/BPWM1_CH0/TM0/INT3
	JP5.5	19	PC.6/UART0_nRTS/I2C1_SMBSUS/PWM1_CH3/BPWM1_CH1/TM1/INT2
	JP5.7	20	PA.7/UART0_RXD/I2C1_SCL/PWM1_CH4/BPWM1_CH2/ACMP0_WLAT/TM2/INT1
	JP5.9	21	PA.6/UART0_RXD/I2C1_SDA/PWM1_CH5/BPWM1_CH3/ACMP1_WLAT/TM3/INT0
	JP5.11	22	VSS
	JP5.13	23	VDD
	JP5.15	24	PD.15/PWM0_CH5/TM3/INT1
	JP5.17	25	PA.5/QSPI0_MISO1/UART0_nCTS/UART0_RXD/I2C0_SCL/BPWM0_CH5/PWM0_CH0
	JP5.19	26	PA.4/QSPI0_MOSI1/SPI0_I2SMCLK/SC0_nCD/UART0_nRTS/UART0_RXD/I2C0_SDA/ BPWM0_CH4/PWM0_CH1
	JP5.21	27	PA.3/QSPI0_SS/SPI0_SS/SC0_PWR/I2C0_SMBAL/UART1_RXD/I2C1_SCL/BPWM0_C H3/PWM0_CH2/CLK0/PWM1_BRAKE1
	JP5.23	28	PA.2/QSPI0_CLK/SPI0_CLK/SC0_RST/I2C0_SMBSUS/UART1_RXD/I2C1_SDA/BPWM 0_CH2/PWM0_CH3
	JP5.25	29	PA.1/QSPI0_MISO0/SPI0_MISO/SC0_DAT/UART0_RXD/UART1_nCTS/BPWM0_CH1/P WM0_CH4
	JP5.27	30	PA.0/QSPI0_MOSI0/SPI0_MOSI/SC0_CLK/UART0_RXD/UART1_nRTS/BPWM0_CH0/P WM0_CH5
	JP5.29	31	VDDIO
	JP5.31	32	nRESET
JP4	JP4.1	33	PF.0/UART1_RXD/I2C1_SCL/UART0_RXD/BPWM1_CH0/ICE_DAT
	JP4.3	34	PF.1/UART1_RXD/I2C1_SDA/UART0_RXD/BPWM1_CH1/ICE_CLK

JP6	JP4.5	JP4.6	35	PC.5/QSPI0_MISO1/UART2_TXD/I2C1_SCL/PWM1_CH0/PSIO0_CH0
	JP4.7	JP4.8	36	PC.4/QSPI0_MOSI1/UART2_RXD/I2C1_SDA/PWM1_CH1/PSIO0_CH1
	JP4.9	JP4.10	37	PC.3/QSPI0_SS/UART2_nRTS/I2C0_SMBAL/PWM1_CH2/PSIO0_CH2
	JP4.11	JP4.12	38	PC.2/QSPI0_CLK/UART2_nCTS/I2C0_SMBSUS/PWM1_CH3/PSIO0_CH3
	JP4.13	JP4.14	39	PC.1/QSPI0_MISO0/UART2_TXD/I2C0_SCL/PWM1_CH4/ACMP0_O
	JP4.15	JP4.16	40	PC.0/QSPI0_MOSI0/UART2_RXD/I2C0_SDA/PWM1_CH5/ACMP1_O
	JP4.17	JP4.18	41	PD.3/USCI0_CTL1/SPI0_SS/USCI1_CTL0/UART0_RXD
	JP4.19	JP4.20	42	PD.2/USCI0_DAT1/SPI0_CLK/UART0_RXD
	JP4.21	JP4.22	43	PD.1/USCI0_DAT0/SPI0_MISO
	JP4.23	JP4.24	44	PD.0/USCI0_CLK/SPI0_MOSI/TM2
	JP4.25	JP4.26	45	USB_VBUS
	JP4.27	JP4.28	46	USB_D-
	JP4.29	JP4.30	47	USB_D+
	JP4.15	JP4.32	48	USB_VDD33_CAP
	JP6.1	JP6.2	49	VSS
	JP6.3	JP6.4	50	LDO_CAP
	JP6.5	JP6.6	51	VDD
	JP6.7	JP6.8	52	PC.14/SPI0_I2SMCLK/USCI0_CTL0/QSPI0_CLKTM1
	JP6.9	JP6.10	53	PB.15/EADC0_CH15/SPI0_SS/USCI0_CTL1/UART0_nCTS/PSIO0_CH0/PWM1_CH0/TM0_EXT/PWM0_BRAKE1
	JP6.11	JP6.12	54	PB.14/EADC0_CH14/SPI0_CLK/USCI0_DAT1/UART0_nRTS/PSIO0_CH1/PWM1_CH1/TM1_EXT/CLKO
	JP6.13	JP6.14	55	PB.13/EADC0_CH13/ACMP0_P3/ACMP1_P3/SPI0_MISO/USCI0_DAT0/UART0_RXD/PPIO0_CH2/PWM1_CH2/TM2_EXT
	JP6.15	JP6.16	56	PB.12/EADC0_CH12/ACMP0_P2/ACMP1_P2/SPI0_MOSI/USCI0_CLK/UART0_RXD/PSIO0_CH3/PWM1_CH3/TM3_EXT
	JP6.17	JP6.18	57	AVDD
	JP6.19	JP6.20	58	VREF
	JP6.21	JP6.22	59	AVSS
	JP6.23	JP6.24	60	PB.11/EADC0_CH11/UART0_nCTS/I2C1_SCL/SPI0_I2SMCLK/BPWM1_CH0
	JP6.25	JP6.26	61	PB.10/EADC0_CH10/USCI1_CTL0/UART0_nRTS/I2C1_SDA/BPWM1_CH1
	JP6.27	JP6.28	62	PB.9/EADC0_CH9/USCI1_CTL1/UART0_RXD/UART1_nCTS/I2C1_SMBAL/BPWM1_CH2
	JP6.29	JP6.30	63	PB.8/EADC0_CH8/USCI1_CLK/UART0_RXD/UART1_nRTS/I2C1_SMBSUS/BPWM1_CH3
	JP6.15	JP6.32	64	PB.7/EADC0_CH7/USCI1_DAT0/UART1_TXD/PWM1_BRAKE0/PWM1_CH4/INT5/ACM0_O/BPWM1_CH4

Table 3-2 M252SD2AE Full-pin Extension Connectors and GPIO Function List

3.3.2 Arduino UNO Compatible Extension Connectors

Figure 3-4 shows the Arduino UNO compatible extension connectors.

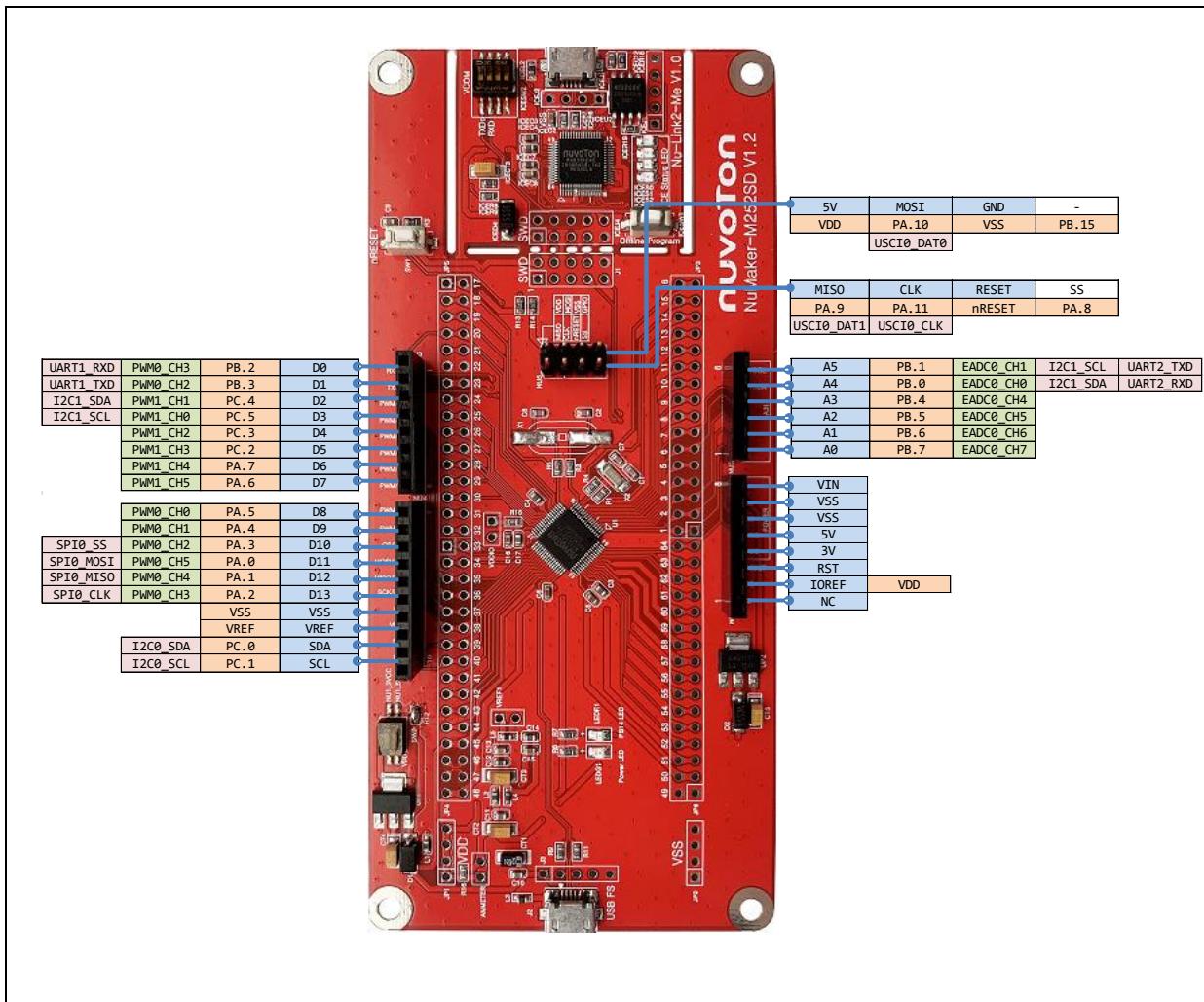


Figure 3-4 Arduino UNO Compatible Extension Connectors

Header		NuMaker-M252SD		Header		NuMaker-M252SD	
		Compatible to Arduino UNO	GPIO Pin of M252			Compatible to Arduino UNO	GPIO Pin of M252
N U 4	NU3.1	D0	PB.2	N U 2	NU2.6	A5	PB.1
	NU3.2	D1	PB.3		NU2.5	A4	PB.0
	NU3.3	D2	PC.4		NU2.4	A3	PB.4
	NU3.4	D3	PC.5		NU2.3	A2	PB.5
	NU3.5	D4	PC.3		NU2.2	A1	PB.6
	NU3.6	D5	PC.2		NU2.1	A0	PB.7
	NU3.7	D6	PA.7		NU1.8	VIN	-
	NU3.8	D7	PA.6		NU1.7	VSS	
	NU4.1	D8	PA.5		NU1.6	VSS	
	NU4.2	D9	PA.4		NU1.5	5V	
N U 3	NU4.3	D10	PA.3		NU1.4	3V	
	NU4.4	D11	PA.0		NU1.3	RST	nRESET
	NU4.5	D12	PA.1		NU1.2	IOREF	V _{DD}
	NU4.6	D13	PA.2		NU1.1	NC	-
	NU4.7	VSS	V _{SS}				
	NU4.8	VREF	V _{REF}				
	NU4.9	SDA	PC.0				
	NU4.10	SCL	PC.1				

Table 3-3 Arduino UNO Extension Connectors and M252SD2AE Mapping GPIO List

3.4 System Configuration

The NuMaker-M252SD is able to adopt multiple power supply. External power source includes NU1 Vin (7 V to 12 V), VDD (depends on target chip operating voltage), and PC through USB connector. By using switches and voltage regulator, multiple power domains can be created on the NuMaker-M252KG.

3.4.1 VIN Power Source

Table 3-4 presents the Vin power source.

Connector	Net Name in Schematic	Comment
NU1 pin8	NU1_VIN	Board external power source, with voltage range from 7 V to 12 V. The voltage regulator UP2 converts the NU1 pin8 input voltage to 5 V and supplies it to NuMaker-M252SD.

Table 3-4 Vin Power Source

3.4.2 5 V Power Sources

Table 3-5 presents the 5 V power sources.

Connector	Net Name in Schematic	Comment
ICEJ3	USB_HS_VBUS	ICE USB connector supplies 5 V power from PC to M252 platform and Nu-Link2-Me.
J2	USB_VBUS	USB connector on NuMaker-M252SD supplies 5 V power from PC to M252 platform and Nu-Link2-Me.
NU1 pin5	NU1_5VCC	ICEJ3, J2 or NU1 pin8 supplies 5 V power to NU1 pin5. NU1 pin5 supplies 5 V power to target chip or Arduino adapter board.

Table 3-5 5V Power Sources

3.4.3 3.3 V Power Sources

Table 3-6 presents the 3.3 V power sources.

Voltage Regulator	5V Source	Comment
ICEUP1	USB_HS_VBUS	ICEUP1 converts USB_HS_VBUS to 3.3 V and supplies 3.3V to M252 platform or ICE chip.
UP1	USB_VBUS	UP1 converts USB_VBUS to 3.3 V and supplies 3.3 V to M252 platform. Note: SW2.2(NU1 3VCC) should be switched to ON.
UP1	NU1_5VCC	UP1 converts NU1_5VCC to 3.3 V and supplies 3.3 V to M252 platform. Note: SW2.2(NU1 3VCC) should be switched to ON.

Table 3-6 3.3 V Power Sources

3.4.4 1.8V Power Sources

Table 3-7 presents the 1.8 V power source.

Voltage Regular	5V Source	Comment
ICEUP2	USB_HS_VBUS	ICEUP2 converts USB_HS_VBUS to 1.8V and supplies 1.8V to M252 platform or ICE chip.

Table 3-7 1.8V Power Sources

3.4.5 Power Connectors

Table 3-8 presents the power connectors.

Connector	Comment
JP1	V _{DD} connector on the NuMaker-M252SD
JP2	V _{SS} connector on the NuMaker-M252SD.

Table 3-8 Power Connectors

3.4.6 USB Connectors

Table 3-9 presents the USB connectors.

Connector	Comment
ICEJ3	ICE USB connector on Nu-Link2-Me for power supply, debugging and programming from PC.
J2	USB FS connector on NuMaker-M252SD for power supply.

Table 3-9 USB Connectors

3.4.7 Power Switches

Table 3-10 presents the power switches.

Switch	Comment
ICEJPR1	Configures the target chip operating voltage at 1.8 V / 3.3 V / 5 V.
ICEJPR2	Configures the ICE chip operating voltage at 1.8 V / 3.3 V.
SW2	Configures the target chip operating voltage at 3.3 V / 5 V.

Table 3-10 Power Switches

3.4.8 Power Supply Models

3.4.8.1 External Power Supply through Nu-Link2-Me to Target Chip

The external power supply source on Nu-Link2-Me is shown in Figure 3-5.

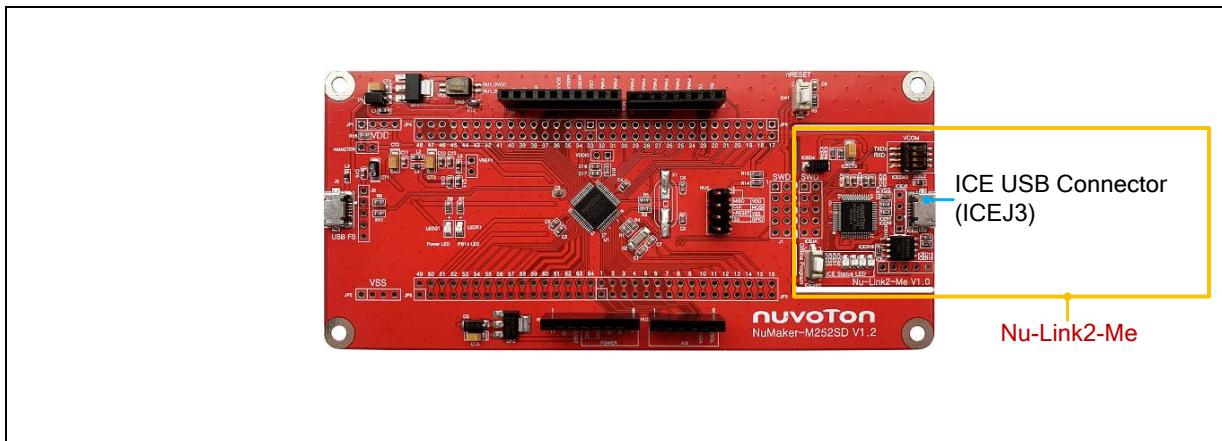


Figure 3-5 External Power Supply Sources on Nu-Link2-Me

To use ICEJ3 as external power supply source with Nu-Link2-Me, please follow the below steps:

1. Solder the resistor on ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC) depends on the target chip operating voltage.
2. Solder the resistor on ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) depends on the ICE chip operating voltage.
3. Switch the SW2 to OFF.
4. Connect the external power supply to JP1.

Table 3-11 presents all power models when supplies external power through Nu-Link2-Me. The Nu-Link2-Me external power sources are highlighted in yellow.

Model	Target Chip Voltage	ICEJ3	ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC) Selection ^[1]	ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) Selection ^[2]	ICE Chip Voltage	SW2 Selection	J2	Vin	JP1
1	1.8 V	Connect to PC	1.8 V	1.8 V	1.8 V	Off	Ignore	Ignore	1.8 V output
2	3.3 V	Connect to PC	3.3 V (default)	3.3 V (default)	3.3 V	Off	Ignore	Ignore	3.3 V output
3	5 V	Connect to PC	5V	3.3 V (default)	3.3 V	Off	Ignore	Ignore	5 V output
X: Unused. Note: 1. 0 Ω should be soldered between ICEJPR1's MCVCC and 1.8 V / 3.3 V / 5 V. 2. 0 Ω should be soldered between ICEJPR2's ICEVCC and 1.8 V / 3.3 V.									

Table 3-11 Supply External Power through Nu-Link2-Me

3.4.8.2 External Power Supply through M252 platform to Target Chip

The external power supply sources on M252 platform are shown in Figure 3-6.

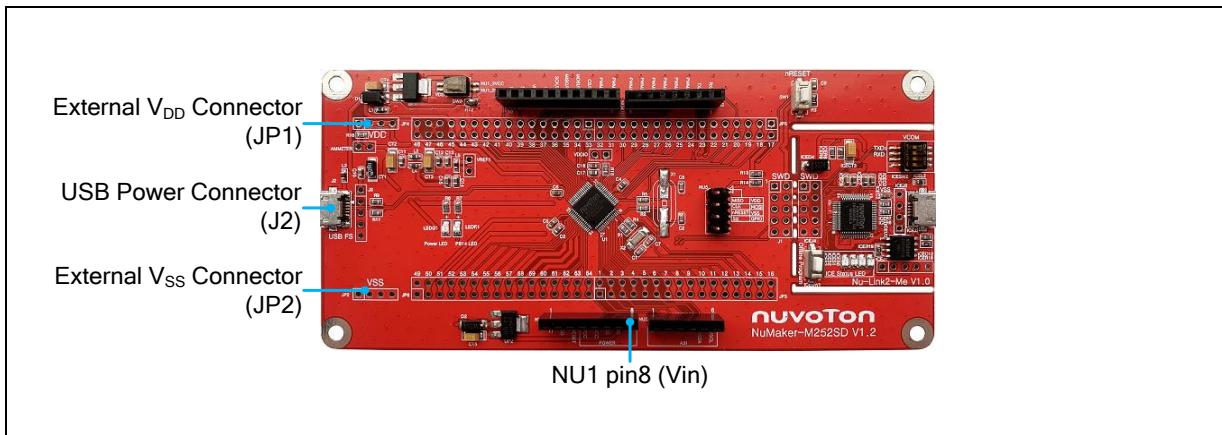


Figure 3-6 External Power Supply Sources on M252 platform

To use Vin or J2 as external power supply source, please follow the below steps:

1. Switch the SW2 depends on the target chip operating voltage.
2. Remove the resistor on ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC).
3. Solder the resistor on ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) depends on the ICE chip operating voltage.
4. Connect the external power supply to Vin or J2.

To use JP1 as external power supply source, please follow the below steps:

1. Switch the SW2 to OFF.
2. Remove the resistor on ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC).
3. Solder the resistor on ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) depends on the ICE chip operating voltage.
4. Connect ICEJ3 to PC.
5. Connect the external power supply to JP1.

To use Vin or J2 as external power supply source with Nu-Link2-Me separated from NuMaker-M252SD, please follow the below steps:

1. Switch the SW2 depends on the target chip operating voltage.
2. Separate the Nu-Link2-Me from NuMaker-M252SD.
3. Connect the external power supply to Vin or J2.

To use JP1 as external power supply source with Nu-Link2-Me separated from NuMaker-M252SD, please follow the below steps:

1. Switch the SW2 to OFF.
2. Separate the Nu-Link2-Me from NuMaker-M252SD.
3. Connect the external power supply to JP1.

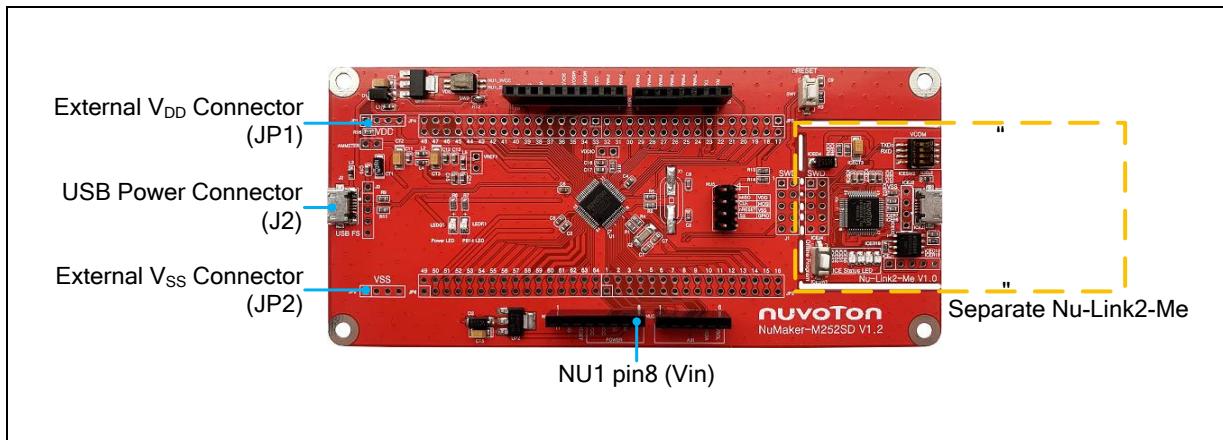


Figure 3-7 Separate the Nu-Link2-Me from NuMaker-M252SD

Table 3-12 presents all power models when supplies external power through M252 platform. The M252 platform external power sources are highlighted in yellow.

Model	Target Chip Voltage	Vin ^[1]	J2	ICEJ3	SW2 Selection	JP1	ICEJPR1 (MCUVCC) Selection ^[2]	ICEJPR2 (ICEVCC) Selection ^[3]	ICE Chip Voltage ^[4]
4	3.3 V	7 V ~ 12 V Input	X	Ignore	NU1 3VCC	3.3 V output	Remove resistor	3.3 V	3.3 V
5	3.3 V	X	Connect to PC	Ignore	NU1 3VCC	3.3 V output	Remove resistor	3.3 V	3.3 V
6	5 V	7 V ~ 12 V Input	X	Ignore	NU1 5VCC	5 V output	Remove resistor	3.3 V	3.3 V
7	5 V	X	Connect to PC	Ignore	NU1 5VCC	5 V output	Remove resistor	3.3 V	3.3 V
8	1.8 V ~ 5.5 V	Ignore ^[5]	Ignore ^[5]	Connect to PC	OFF	DC Input 1.8 V ~ 5.5 V	Remove resistor	1.8 V / 3.3 V	1.8 V / 3.3 V
9	1.8 V ~ 5.5 V	Ignore ^[5]	Ignore ^[5]	Nu-Link2-Me removed	OFF	DC Input 1.8 V ~ 5.5 V	X	X	X

X: Unused.

Note:

1. The Vin input voltage will be converted by voltage regulator UP2 to 5 V.
2. 0Ω should be removed from ICEJPR1's MCUVCC and 1.8 V / 3.3 V / 5 V.
3. 0Ω should be soldered between ICEJPR2's ICEVCC and 1.8 V / 3.3 V.
4. The ICE chip voltage should be close to the target chip voltage.
5. JP1 external power input only provides voltage to target chip. Supply external power to Vin or J2 can provide 5V to NU1 pin5 (5V) and 3.3V to NU1 pin4 (3VCC).

Table 3-12 Supply External Power for M252 platform

3.5 External Reference Voltage Connector

Table 3-13 presents the external reference voltage connector.

Connector	Comment
VREF1	Connector for user to easily connect to the external reference voltage pin of the target chip. User needs to remove the L5 ferrite bead.

Table 3-13 External Reference Voltage Connector

3.6 Voltage Adjustable Interface(VAI) Connector

Table 3-14 presents the voltage adjustable interface connector.

Connector	Comment
VDDIO	Connector for user to easily connect to the VDDIO pin of the target chip as power source of PA.0 ~ PA.5. User needs to remove the R15 resistor.

Table 3-14 Voltage Adjustable Interface Connector

3.7 Ammeter Connector

Table 3-15 presents the ammeter connector.

Connector	Comment
AMMETER	Connector for user to easily measure the target chip power consumption. User needs to remove the R16 resistor.

Table 3-15 Ammeter Connector

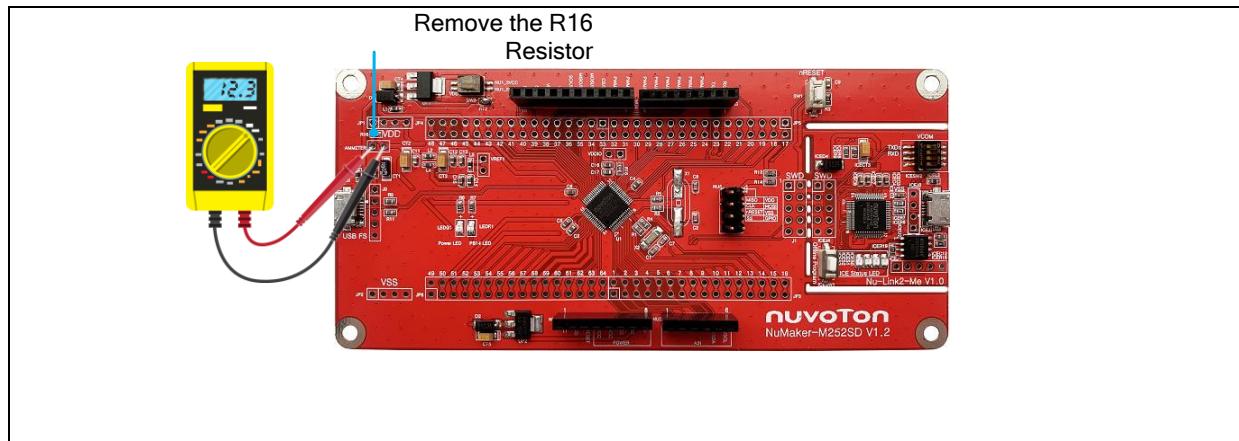


Figure 3-8 Wiring between Ammeter Connector and Ammeter

3.8 Extension Connectors

Table 3-16 presents the extension connectors.

Connector	Comment
JP3, JP4, JP5 and JP6	Full pins extension connectors on the NuMaker-M252SD.
NU1, NU2, NU3 and NU4	Arduino UNO compatible pins on the NuMaker-M252SD.

Table 3-16 Extension Connectors

3.9 Push-Buttons

Table 3-17 presents the push-buttons.

Component	Comment
ICESW1	Off-line program button to start off-line programming the target chip.
SW1	Reset button to reset the target chip.

Table 3-17 Push-Buttons

3.10 LEDs

Table 3-18 presents the LEDs.

Component	Comment
Power LED	The power LED indicates that the NuMaker-M252SD is powered.
PB14 LED	The LED is connected to the target chip PB.14.
ICES0, ICES1, ICES2 and ICES3	Nu-Link2-Me status LED.

Table 3-18 LEDs

3.11 Nu-Link2-Me

The Nu-Link2-Me is a debugger and programmer that supports on-line programming and debugging through SWD interface. The on-board 16 Mbit SPI Flash allows it to off-line program the target microcontroller. Additionally, the Nu-Link2-Me provides virtual COM port (VCOM) function to print out messages on PC. Table 3-19 presents how to set the VCOM function by ICESW2.

3.11.1 VCOM Switches

Table 3-19 presents how to set the VCOM function by ICESW2.

ICESW2		
Pin	Function	Description
1	TXD	On: Connect target chip PB.13 (UART0_TXD) to Nu-Link2-Me. Off: Disconnect target chip PB.13 (UART0_TXD) to Nu-Link2-Me.
2	RXD	On: Connect target chip PB.12 (UART0_RXD) to Nu-Link2-Me. Off: Disconnect target chip PB.12 (UART0_RXD) to Nu-Link2-Me.
Note: Pin 3 and 4 is unused.		

Table 3-19 VCOM Function of Nu-Link2-Me

3.11.2 Status LEDs

Table 3-20 presents the status LEDs patterns for different operation on Nu-Link2-Me.

Operation Status	Status LED			
	ICES0	ICES1	ICES2	ICES3
Power on	Flash x 3	Flash x 3	Flash x 3	Flash x 3
Connected to IDE/NuTool	Flash x 3	Flash x 3	Flash x 3	On
ICE online (Not connected to a target chip)	On	-	Flash x 3	Flash x 3
ICE online (Connected to a target chip)	On	-	-	On
ICE online (Failed to connect to a target chip)	On	Any	Flash	On
During Offline Programming	-	On	-	Flash
Offline Programming Completed	On	-	-	-
Offline Programming Completed (Auto mode)	On	On	-	-
Offline Programming Failed	On	Flash	-	-

Table 3-20 Operation Status LED Patterns

3.12 Toolchains Supporting

Install the preferred toolchain. Please make sure at least one of the toolchains has been installed.

- [KEIL MDK Nuvoton edition M0/M23](#)
- [IAR EWARM](#)
- [NuEclipse GCC \(for Windows\)](#)
- [NuEclipse GCC \(for Linux\)](#)

3.13 Nuvoton Nu-Link Driver Installation

Download and install the latest Nuvoton Nu-Link Driver.

- Download and install [Nu-Link Keil Driver](#) when using Keil MDK.
- Download and install [Nu-Link IAR Driver](#) when using IAR EWARM.
- Skip this step when using NuEclipse.

Please install the Nu-Link USB Driver as well at the end of the installation. The installation is presented in Figure 3-9 and Figure 3-10.

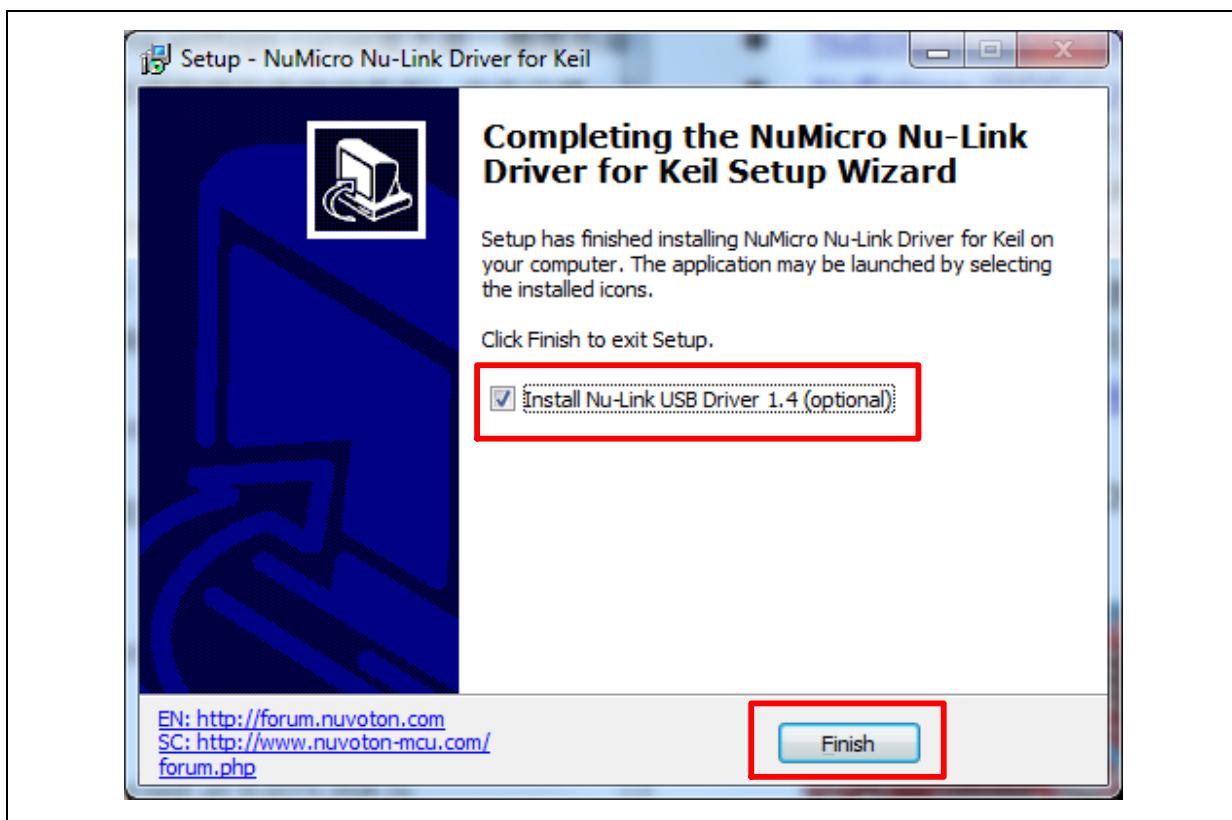


Figure 3-9 Nu-Link USB Driver Installation Setup



Figure 3-10 Nu-Link USB Driver Installation

3.14 BSP Firmware Download

Download and unzip the [Board Support Package \(BSP\)](#).

3.15 Hardware Setup

1. Open the virtual COM (VCOM) function by changing Nu-Link2-Me VCOM Switch No. 1 and 2 to ON.

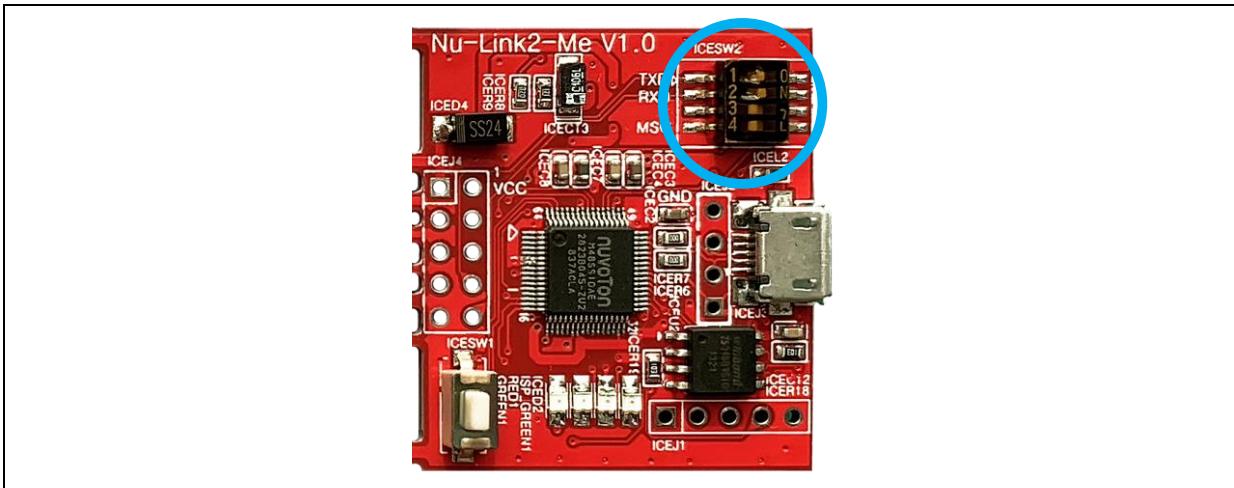


Figure 3-11 Open VCOM Function

2. Connect the ICE USB connector shown in Figure 3-12 to the PC USB port through USB cable.

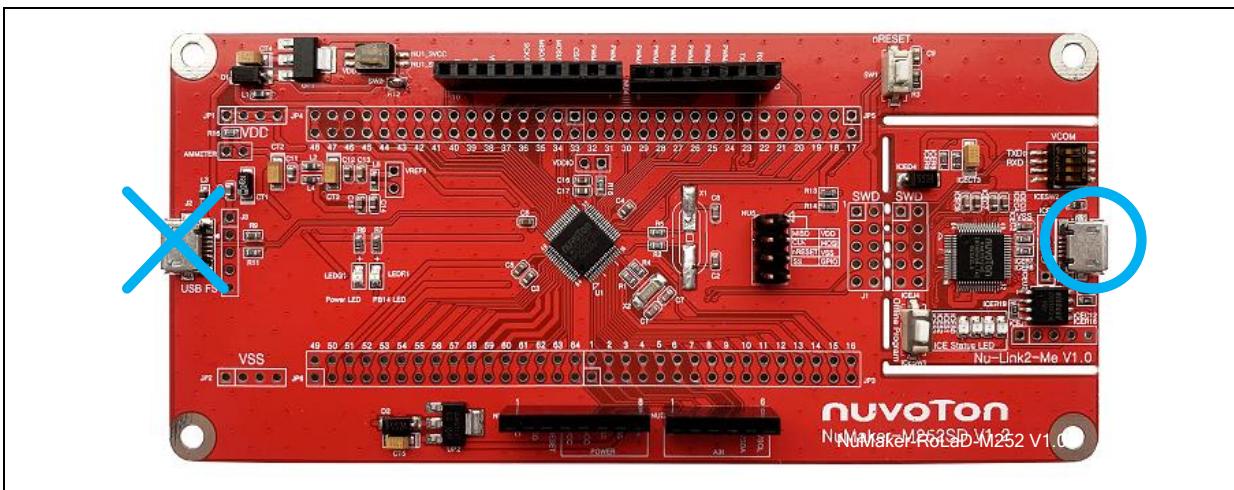


Figure 3-12 ICE USB Connector

3. Find the "Nuvoton Virtual COM Port" on the Device Manger as Figure 3-13.

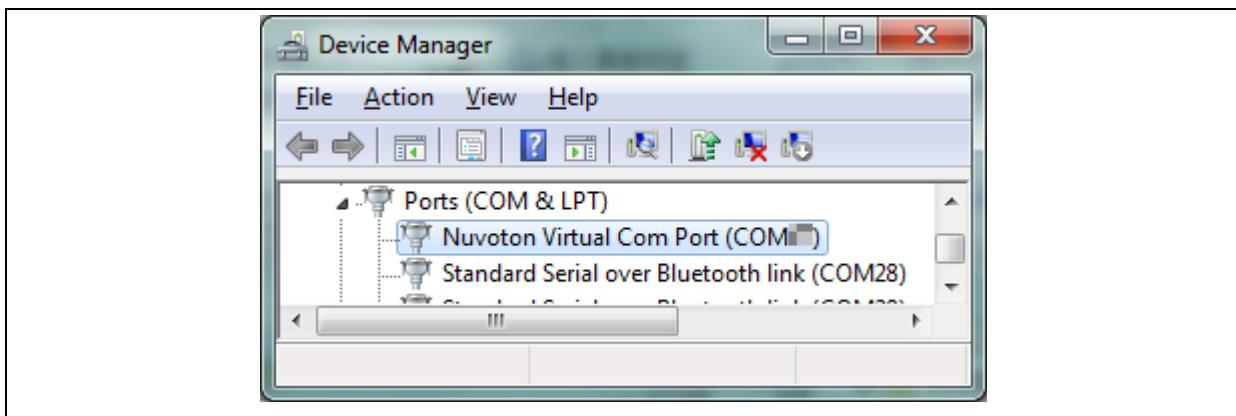


Figure 3-13 Device Manager

4. Open a serial port terminal, PuTTY for example, to print out debug message. Set the speed to 115200. Figure 3-14 presents the PuTTY session setting.

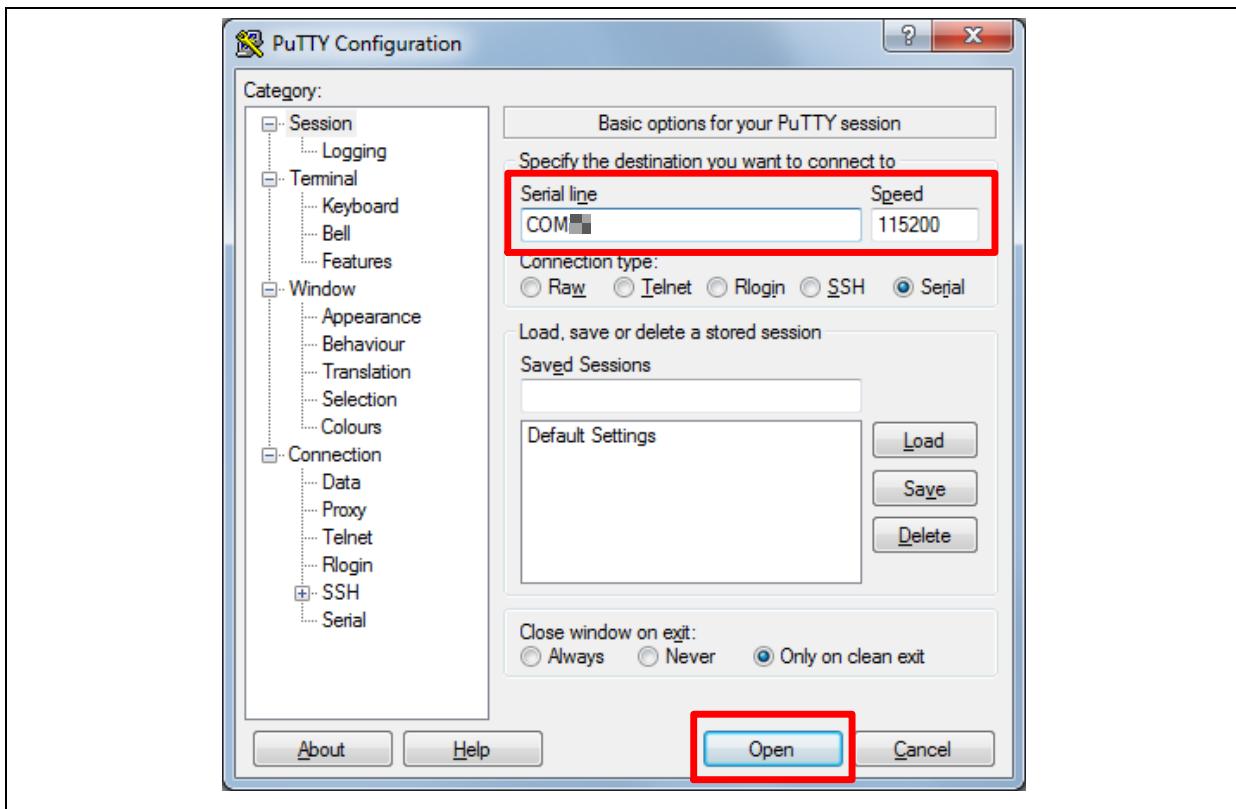


Figure 3-14 PuTTY Session Setting

3.16 Find the Example Project

Use the “Template” project as an example. The project can be found under the BSP folder as shown in Figure 3-15.

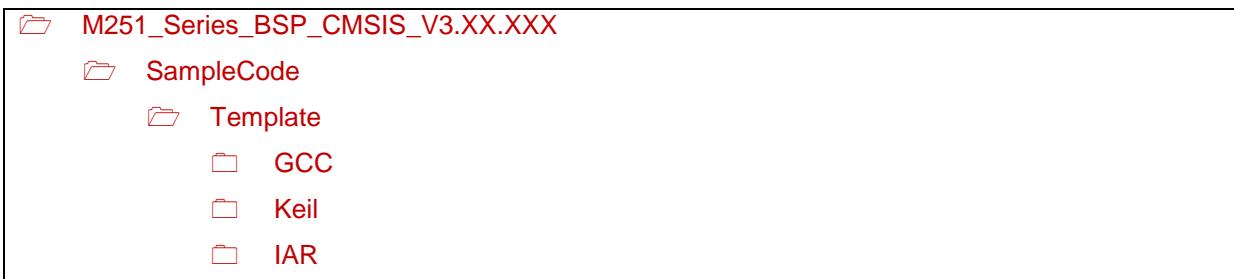


Figure 3-15 Template Project Folder Path

3.17 Execute the Project under Toolchains

Open and execute the project under the toolchain. The section 3.17.1, 0, and 3.17.3 describe the steps of executing project in Keil MDK, IAR EWARM and NuEclipse, respectively.

3.17.1 Keil MDK

This section provides steps to beginners on how to run a project by using Keil MDK.

1. Double click the “Template.uvproj” to open the project.

Note: If Figure 3-16 warning message jumps out, please migrate to version 5 formats as shown in Figure 3-17. The “.uvproj” filename extension will change to “.uvprojx”.

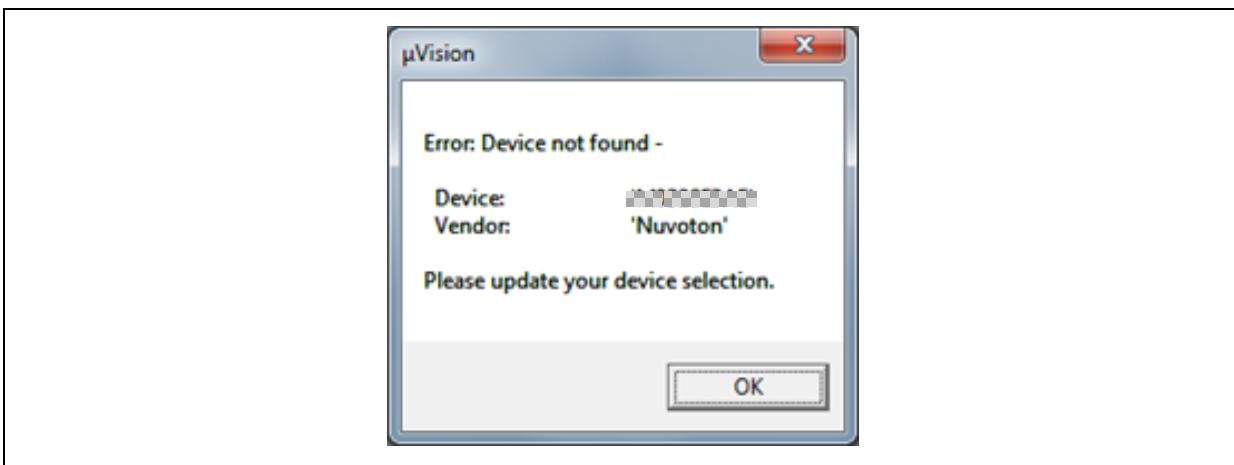


Figure 3-16 Warning Message of “Device not found”

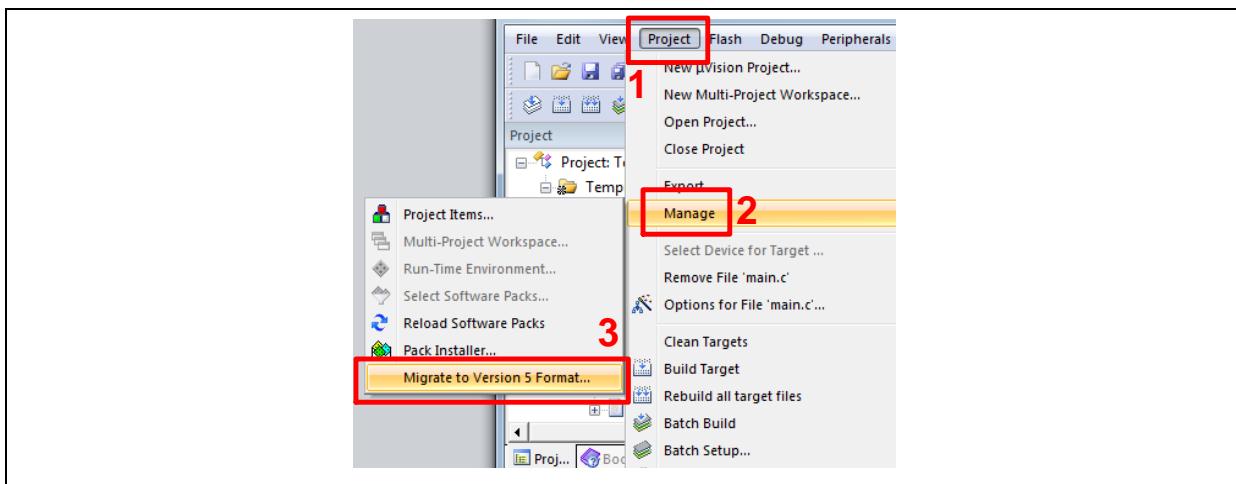


Figure 3-17 Project File Migrate to Version 5 Format

2. Make sure the debugger is “Nuvoton Nu-Link Debugger” as shown in Figure 3-18 and Figure 3-19.

Note: If the dropdown menu in Figure 3-18 does not contain “Nuvoton Nu-Link Debugger” item, please rework section .

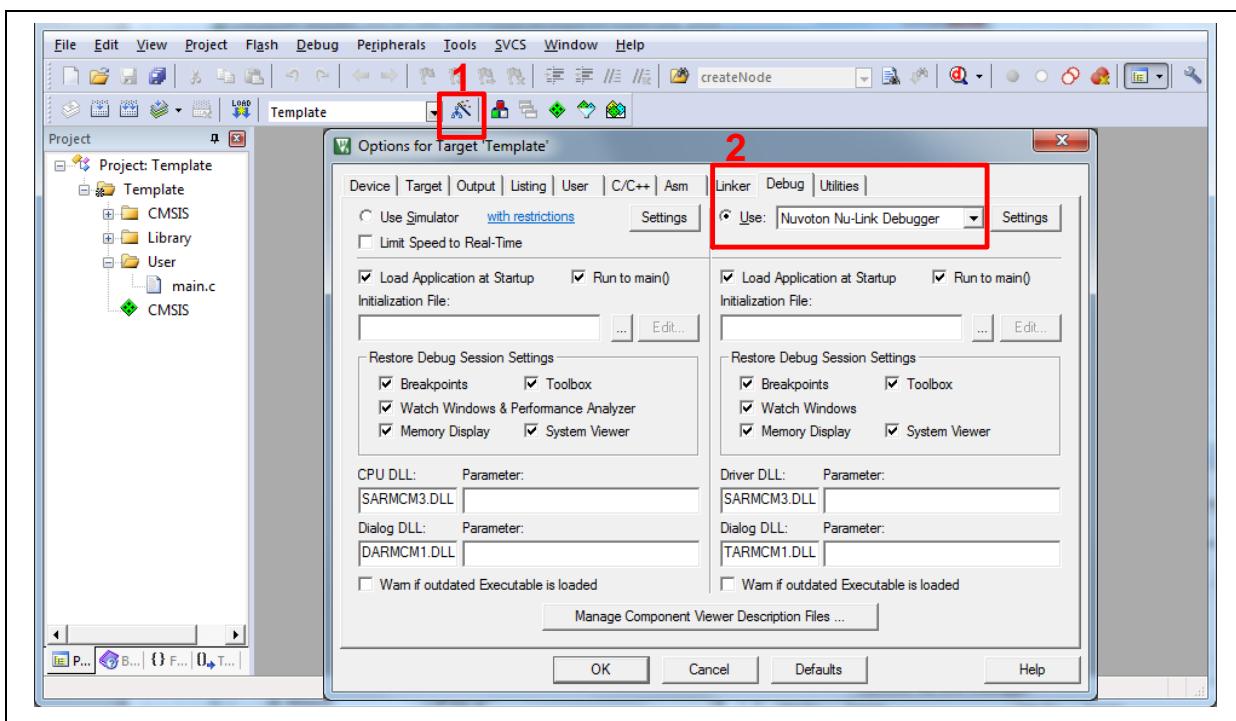


Figure 3-18 Debugger Setting in Options Window

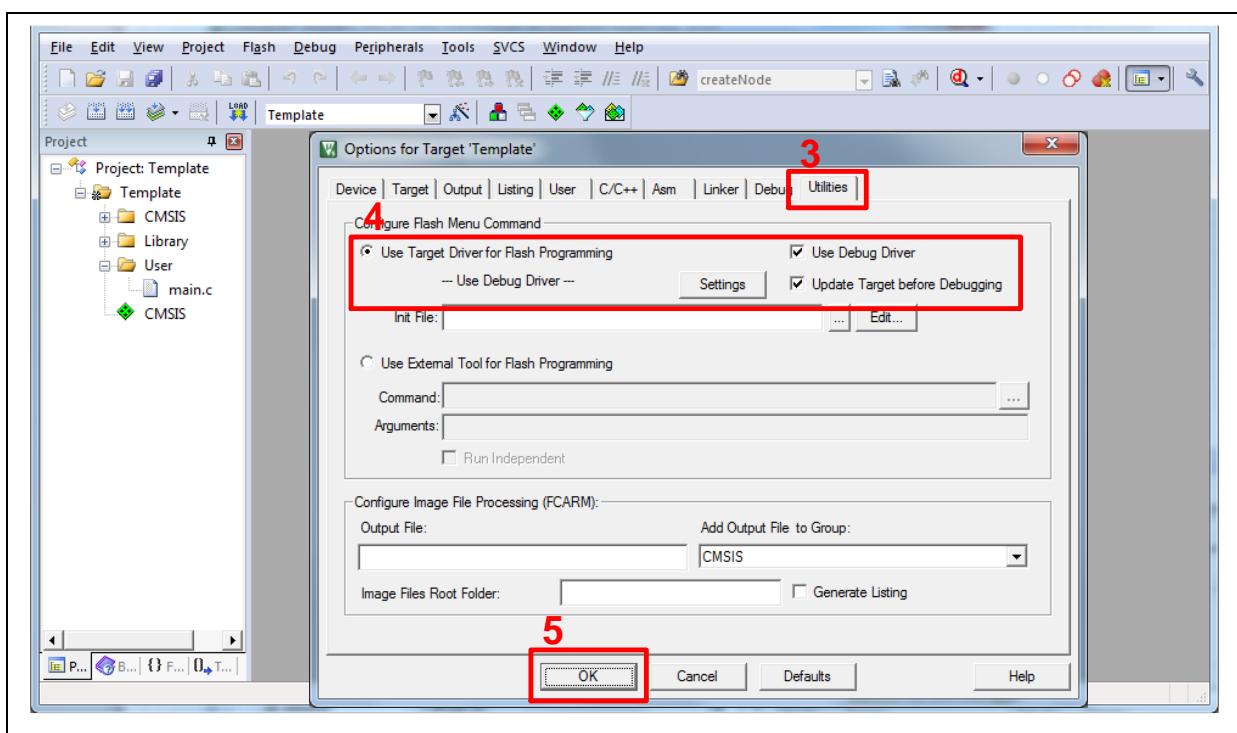


Figure 3-19 Programming Setting in Options Window

- Rebuild all target files. After successfully compile the project, download code to the flash memory. Click "Start/Stop Debug Section" button can enter debug mode.

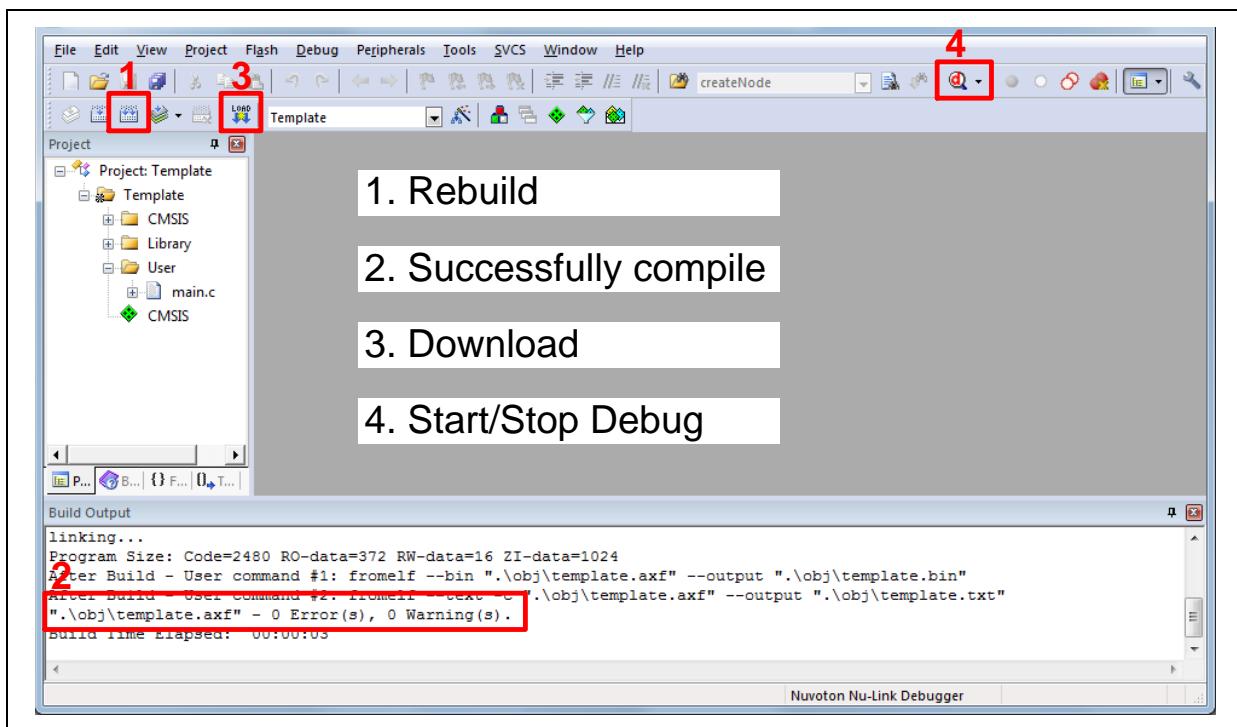


Figure 3-20 Compile and Download the Project

- Figure 3-21 shows the debug mode under Keil MDK. Click "Run" and the debug message will be printed out as shown in Figure 3-22. User can debug the project under debug mode by checking

source code, assembly language, peripherals' registers, and setting breakpoint, step run, value monitor, etc.

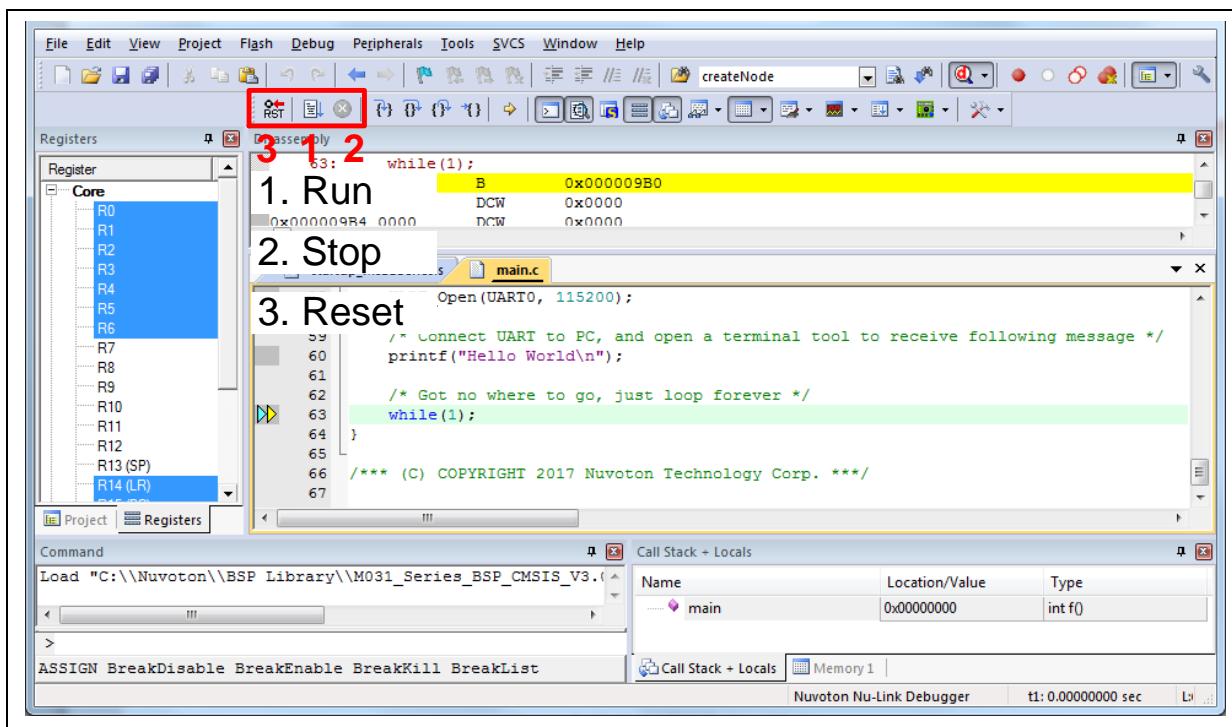


Figure 3-21 Keil MDK Debug Mode



Figure 3-22 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows

3.17.2 IAR EWARM

This section provides steps to beginners on how to run a project by using IAR EWARM.

1. Double click the “Template.eww” to open the project.
2. Make sure the toolbar contain “Nu-Link” item as shown in Figure 3-23.

Note: If the toolbar does not contain “Nu-Link” item, please rework section .

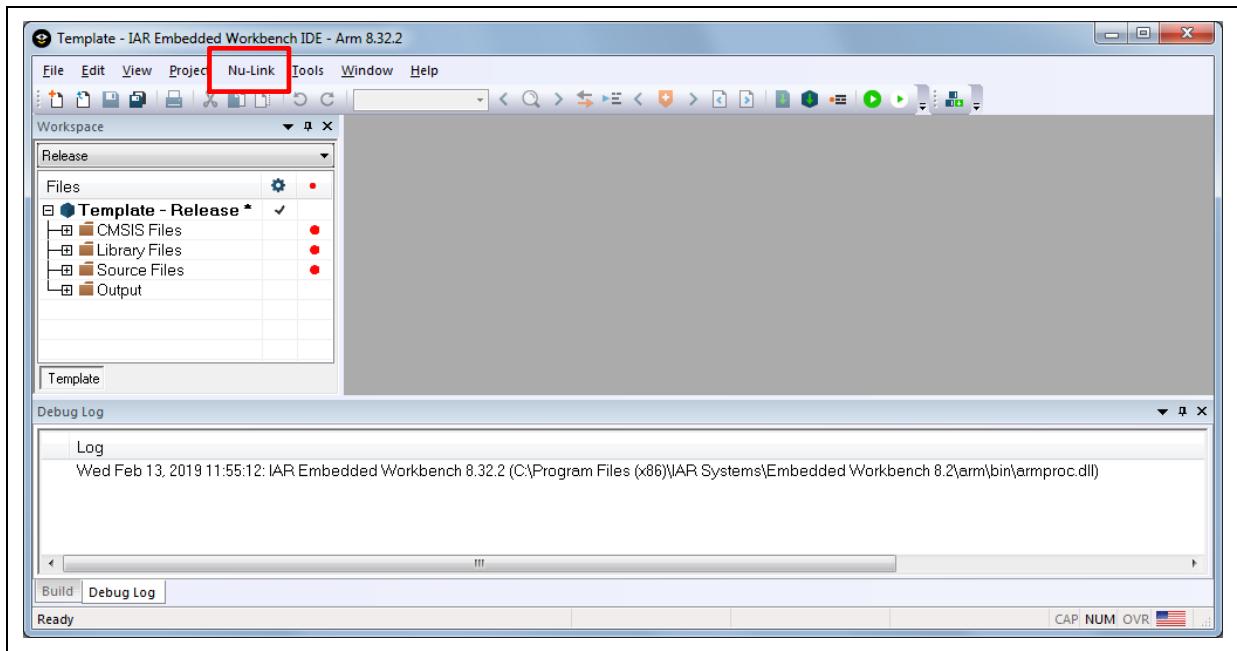


Figure 3-23 IAR EWARM Window

3. Make target file as presented in Figure 3-24. After successfully compile the project, download code to the flash memory and enter debug mode.

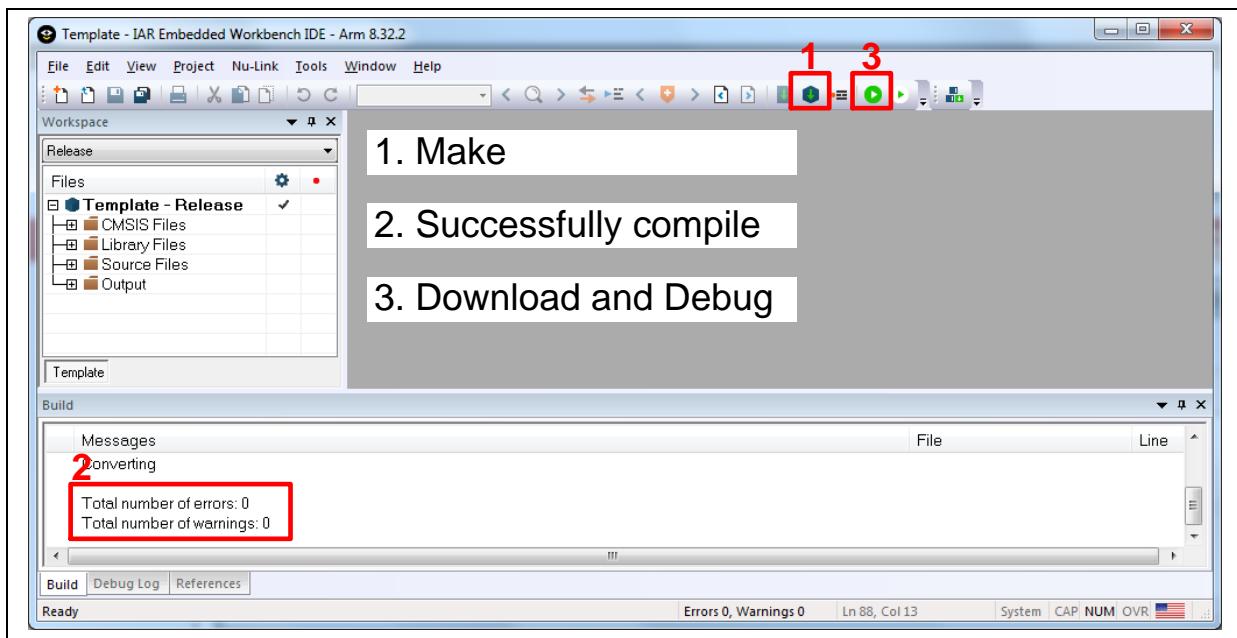


Figure 3-24 Compile and Download the Project

4. Figure 3-25 shows the debug mode under IAR EWARN. Click “Go” and the debug message will be printed out as shown in Figure 3-26. User can debug the project under debug mode by checking source code, assembly language, peripherals’ registers, and setting breakpoint, step run, value monitor, etc.

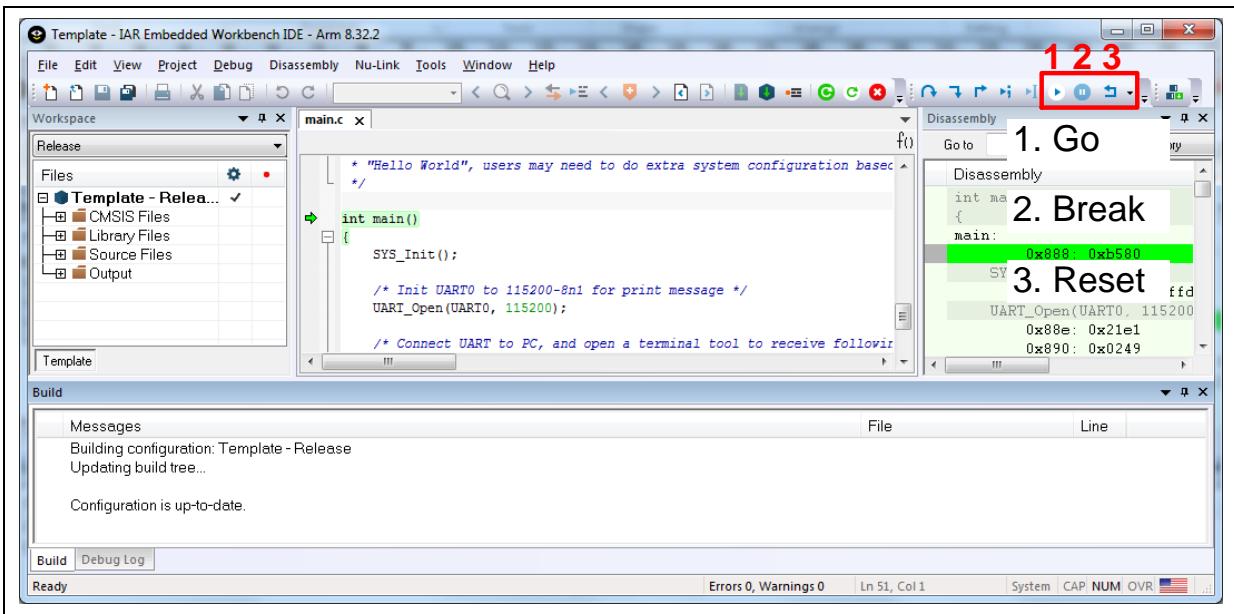


Figure 3-25 IAR EWARM Debug Mode



Figure 3-26 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows

3.17.3 NuEclipse

This section provides steps to beginners on how to run a project by using NuEclipse. Please make sure the filenames and project folder path contain neither invalid character nor space.

1. Double-click NuEclipse.exe to open the toolchain.
2. Import the “Template” project by following the steps presented in Figure 3-27 and Figure 3-28.

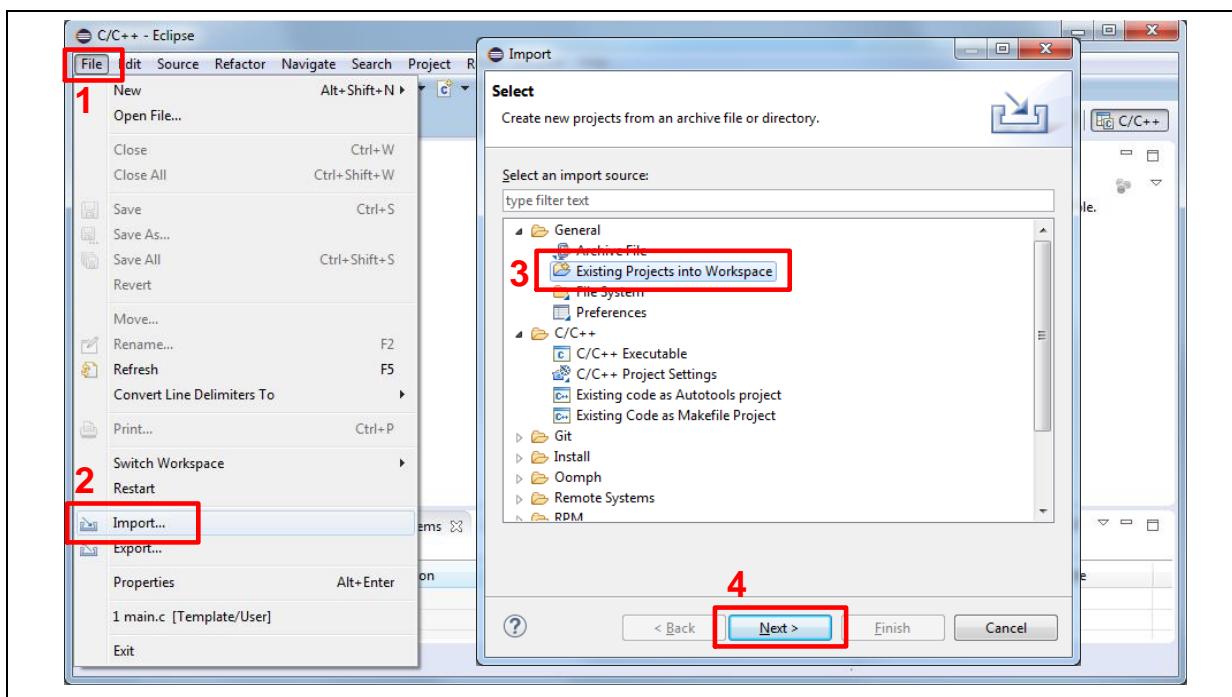


Figure 3-27 Import the Project in NuEclipse

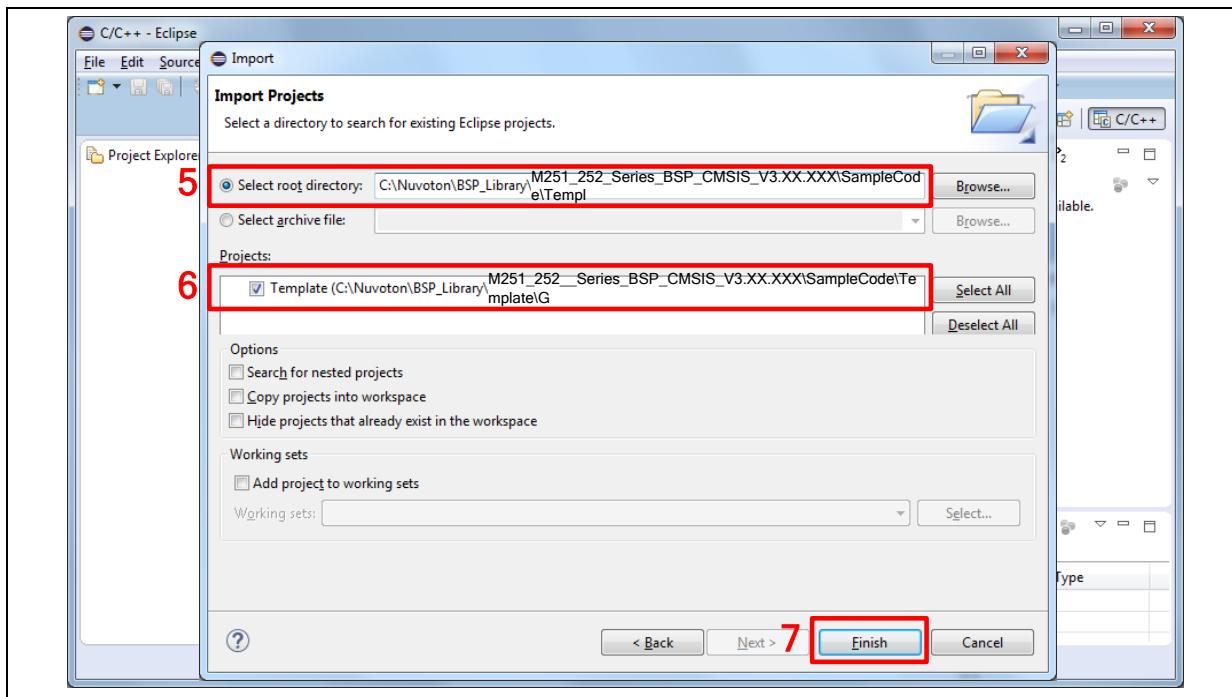


Figure 3-28 Import Projects Windows

3. Click the "Template" project and find the project properties as shown in Figure 3-29. Make sure the settings are the same as settings in Figure 3-30.

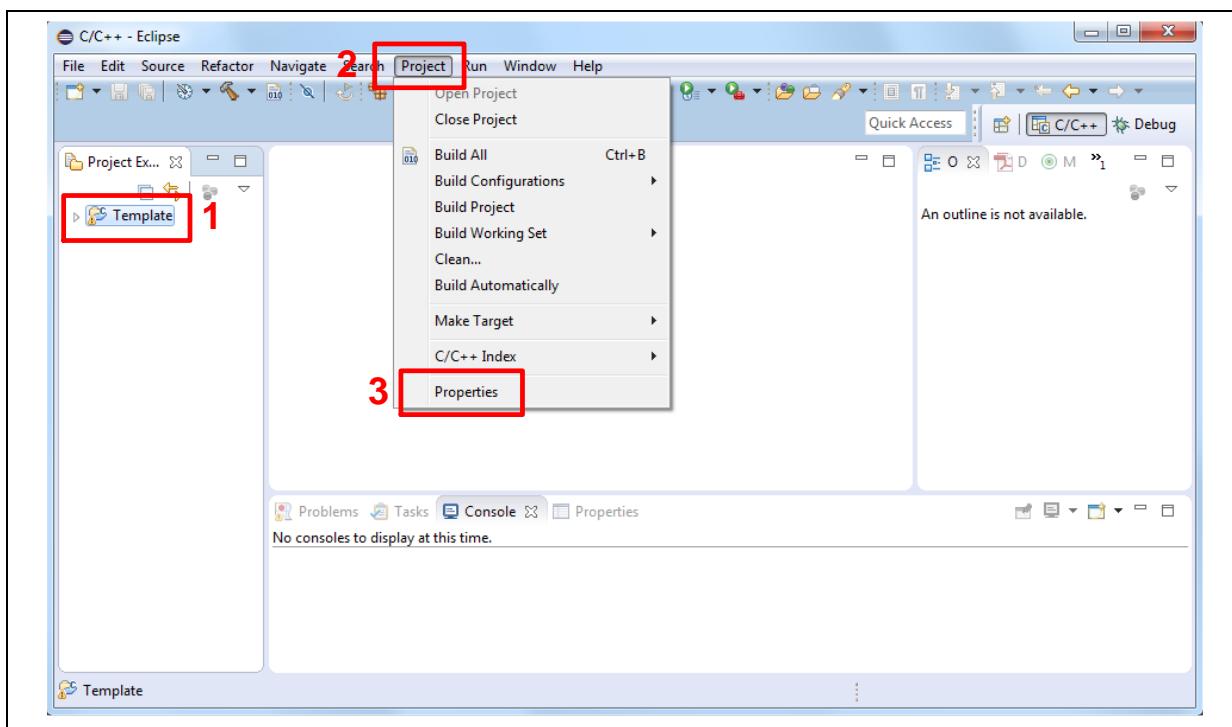


Figure 3-29 Open Project Properties Window

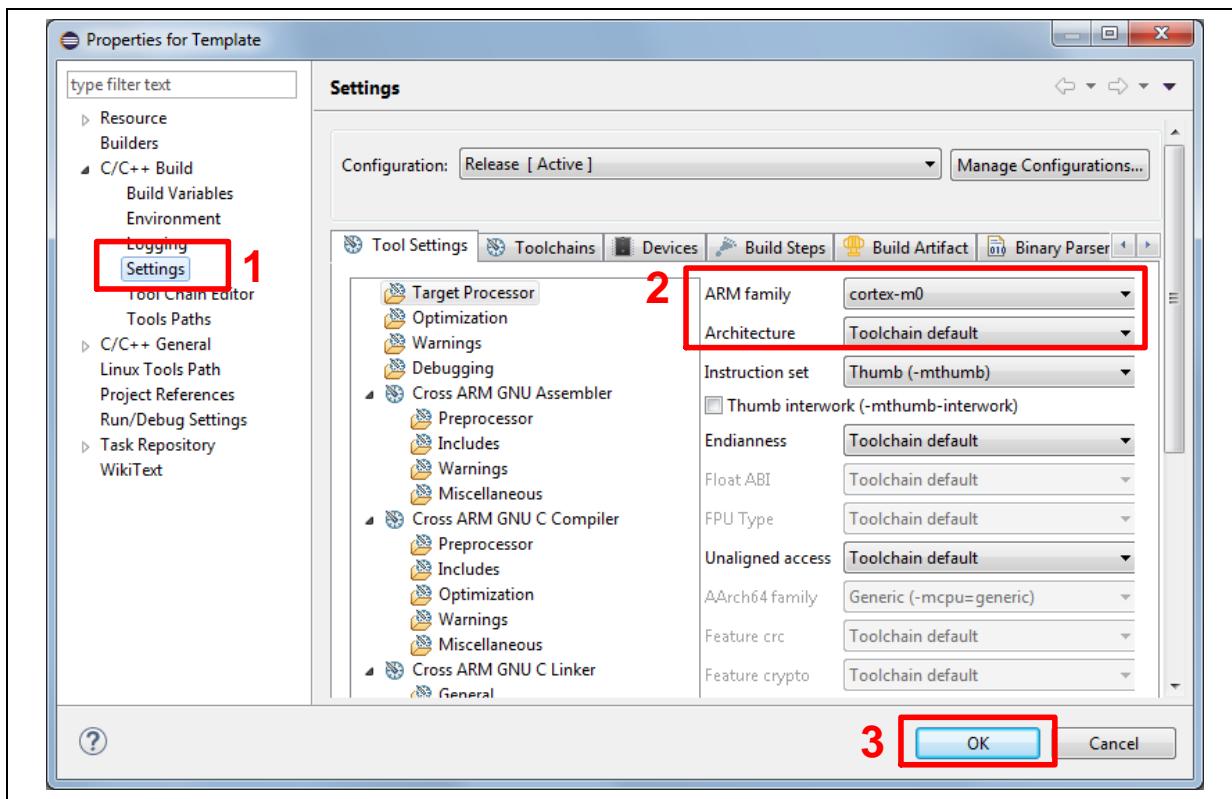


Figure 3-30 Project Properties Settings

- Click the “Template” project and build the project.

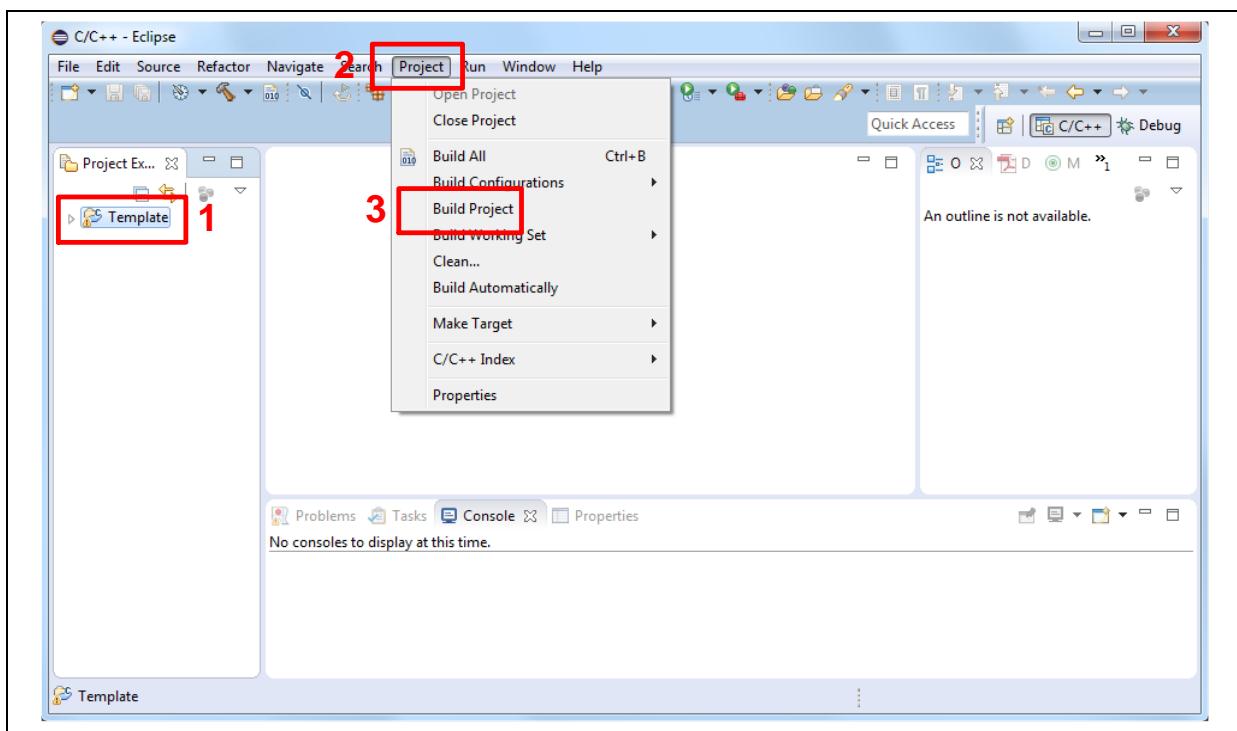


Figure 3-31 Build Project

5. After the project is built, click the "Template" project and set the "Debug Configuration" as shown in Figure 3-32. Follow the settings presented in Figure 3-33, Figure 3-34 and Figure 3-35 to enter debug mode.

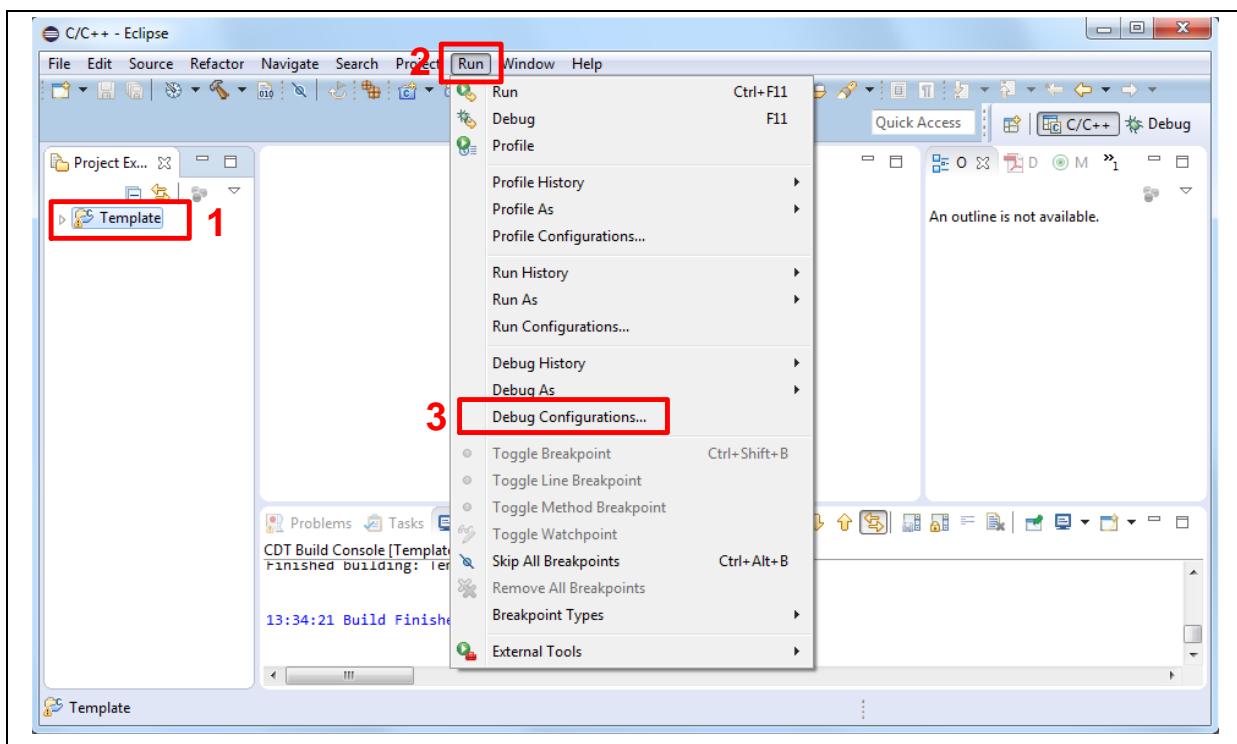


Figure 3-32 Open Debug Configuration

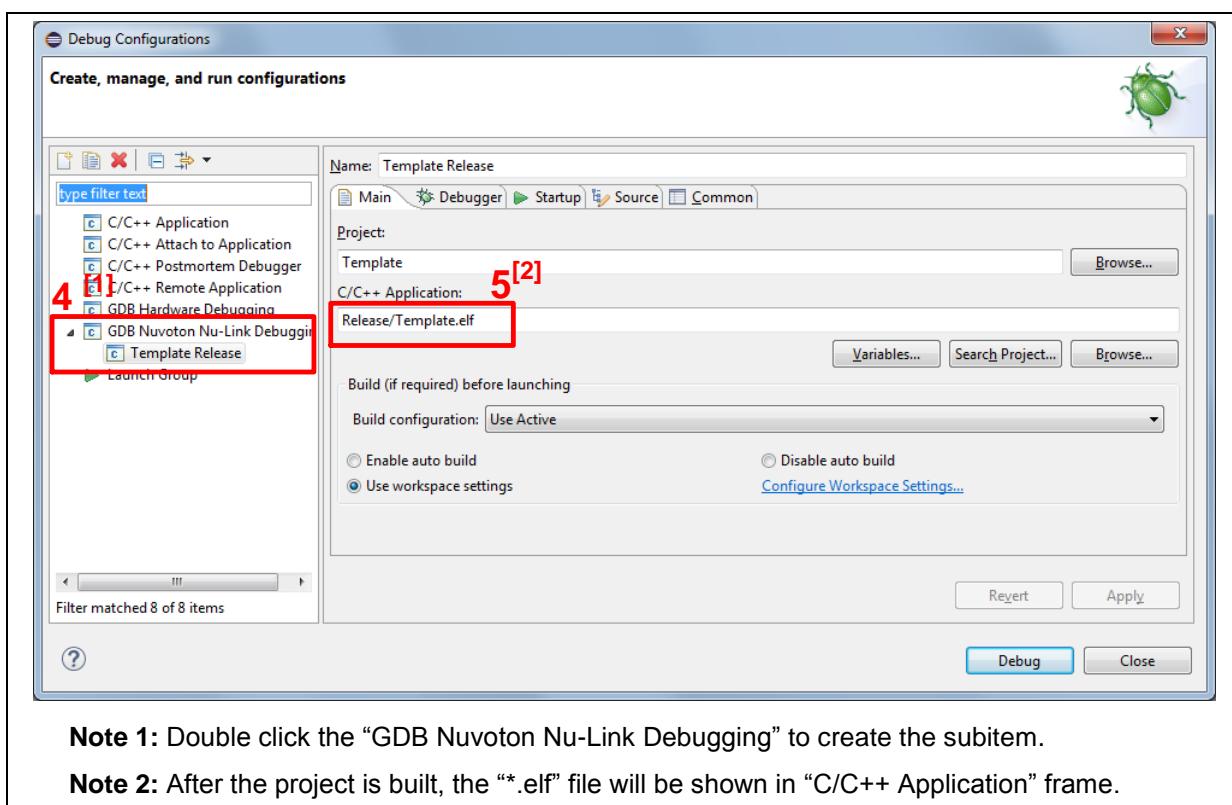


Figure 3-33 Main Tab Configuration

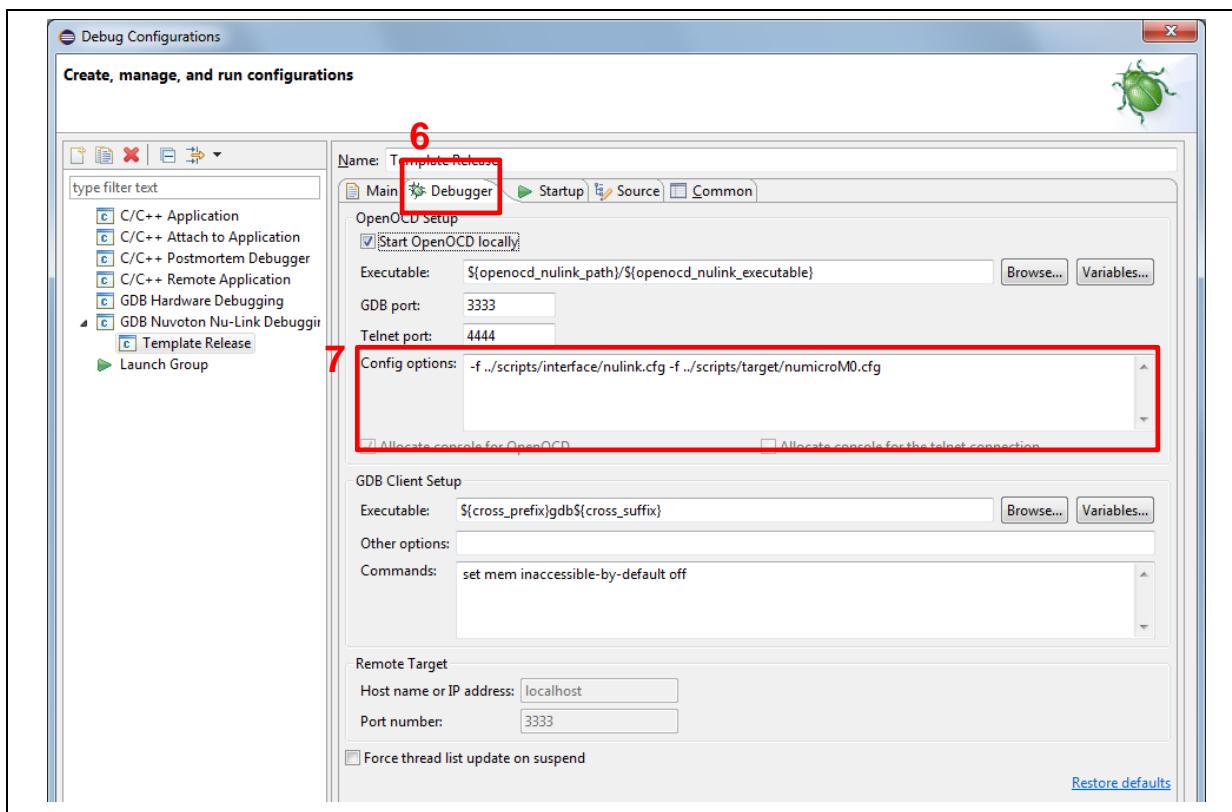


Figure 3-34 Debugger Tab Configuration

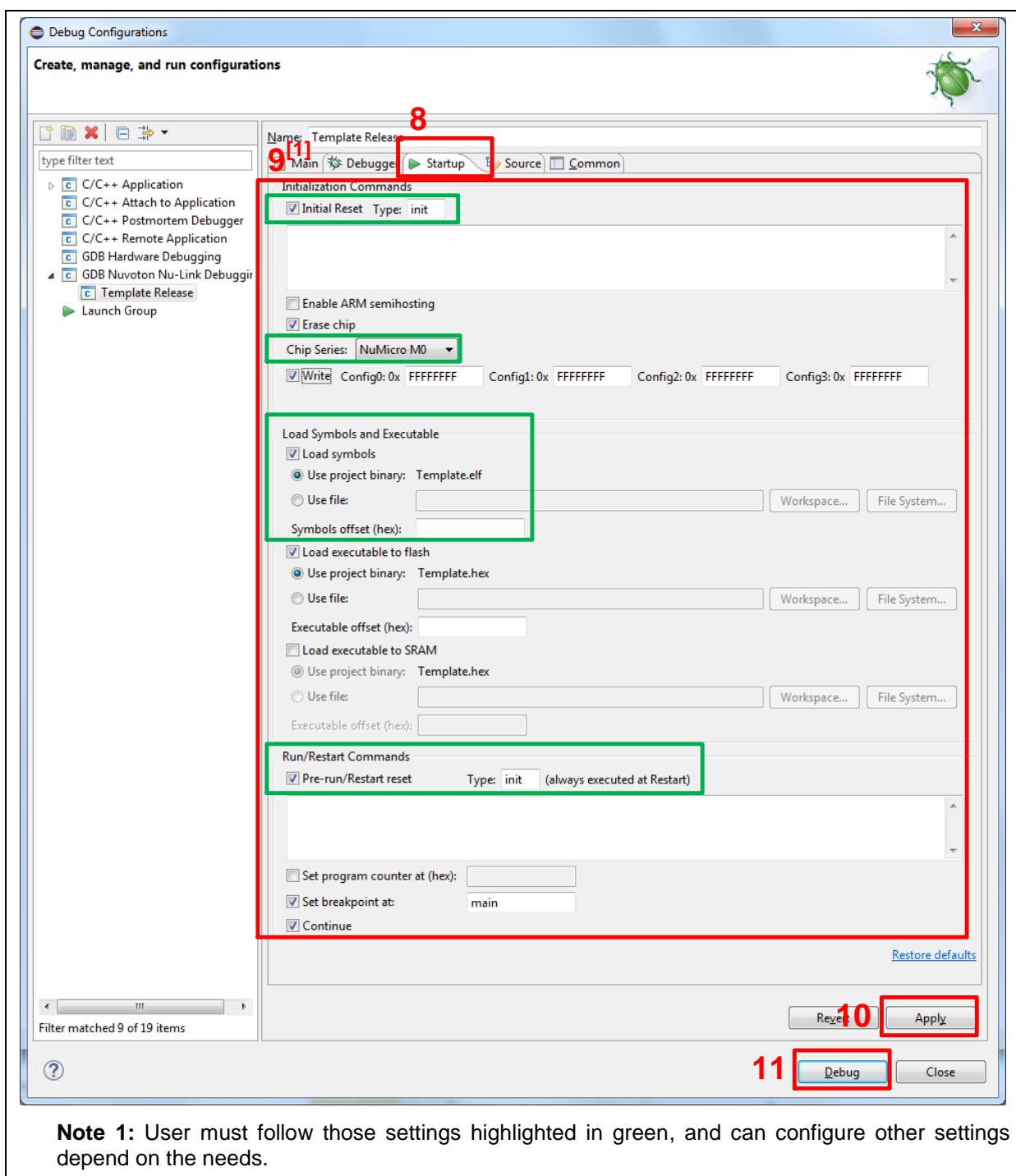


Figure 3-35 Startup Tab Configuration

6. Figure 3-36 shows the debug mode under NuEclipse. Click “Resume” and the debug message will be printed out as shown in Figure 3-37. User can debug the project under debug mode by checking source code, assembly language, peripherals’ registers, and setting breakpoint, step run, value monitor, etc. For more information about how to use NuEclipse, please refer to the NuEclipse User Manual.

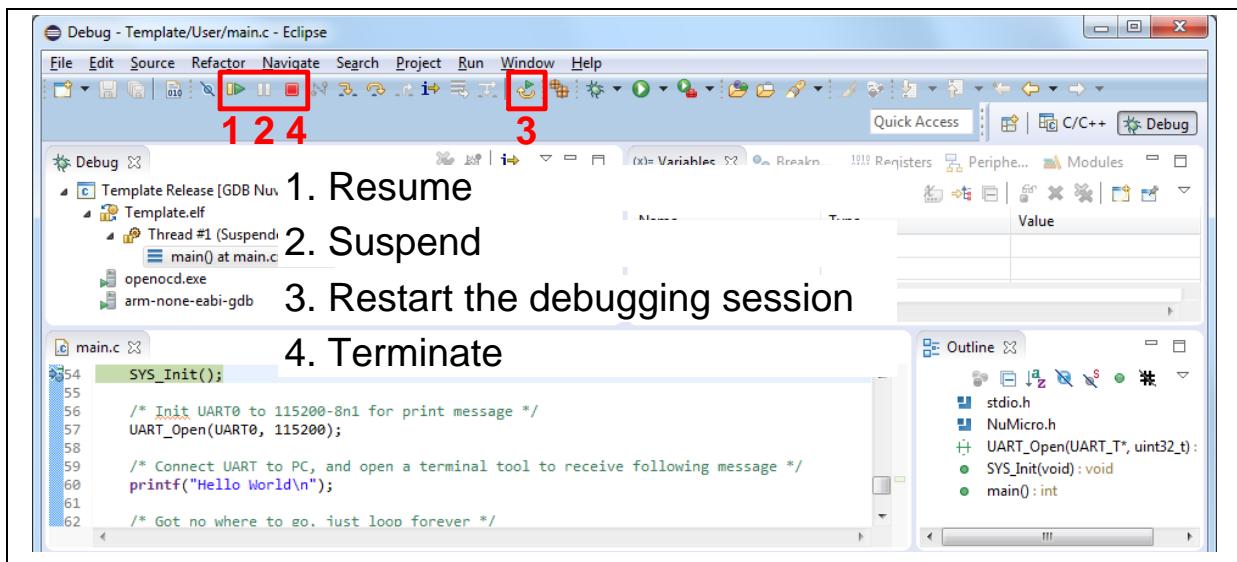


Figure 3-36 NuEclipse Debug Mode



Figure 3-37 Debug Message on Serial Port Terminal Windows

4 NUMAKER-M252SD SCHEMATICS

4.1 Nu-Link2-Me

Figure 4-1 shows the Nu-Link2-Me circuit. The Nu-Link2-Me is a debugger and programmer that supports on-line programming and debugging through SWD interface.

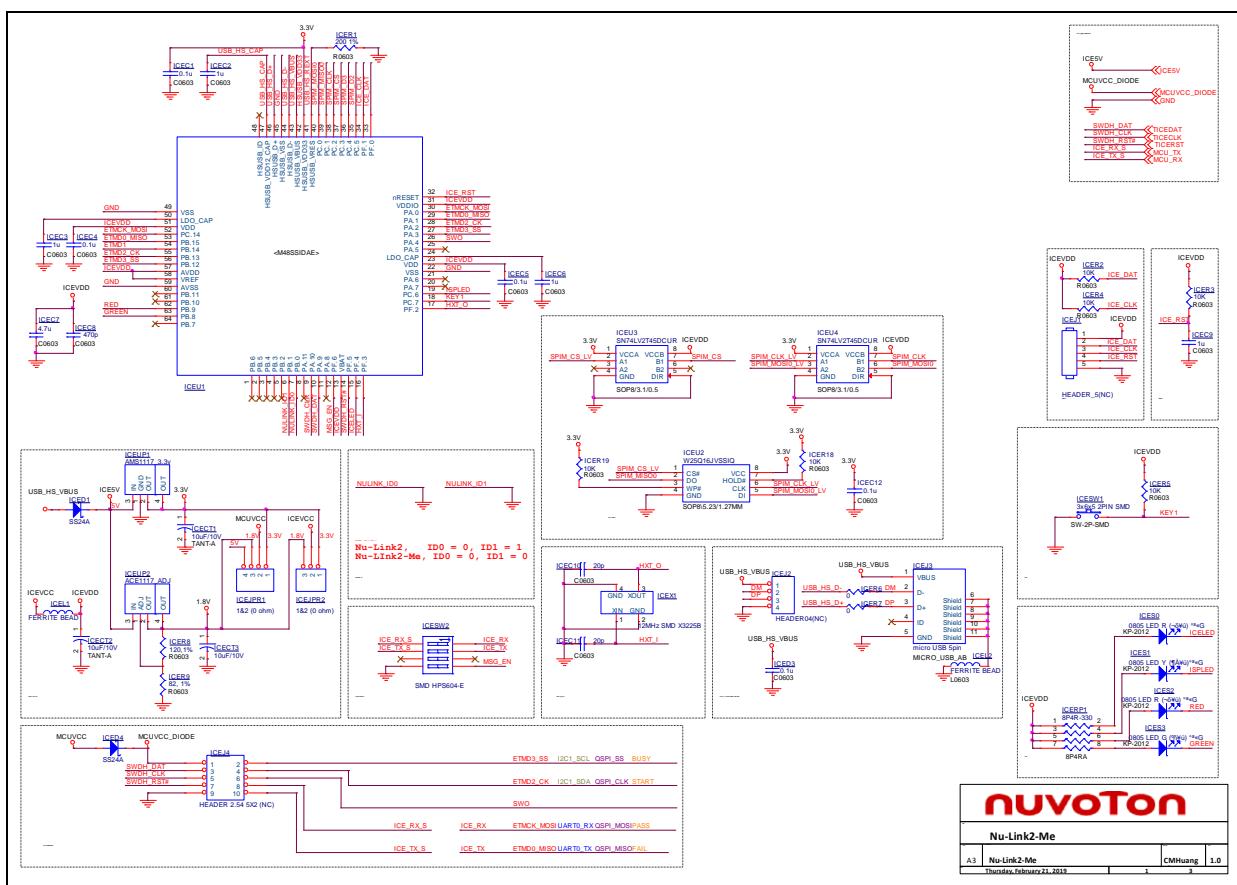


Figure 4-1 Nu-Link2-Me Circuit

4.2 M252 platform

Figure 4-2 shows the M252 platform circuit.

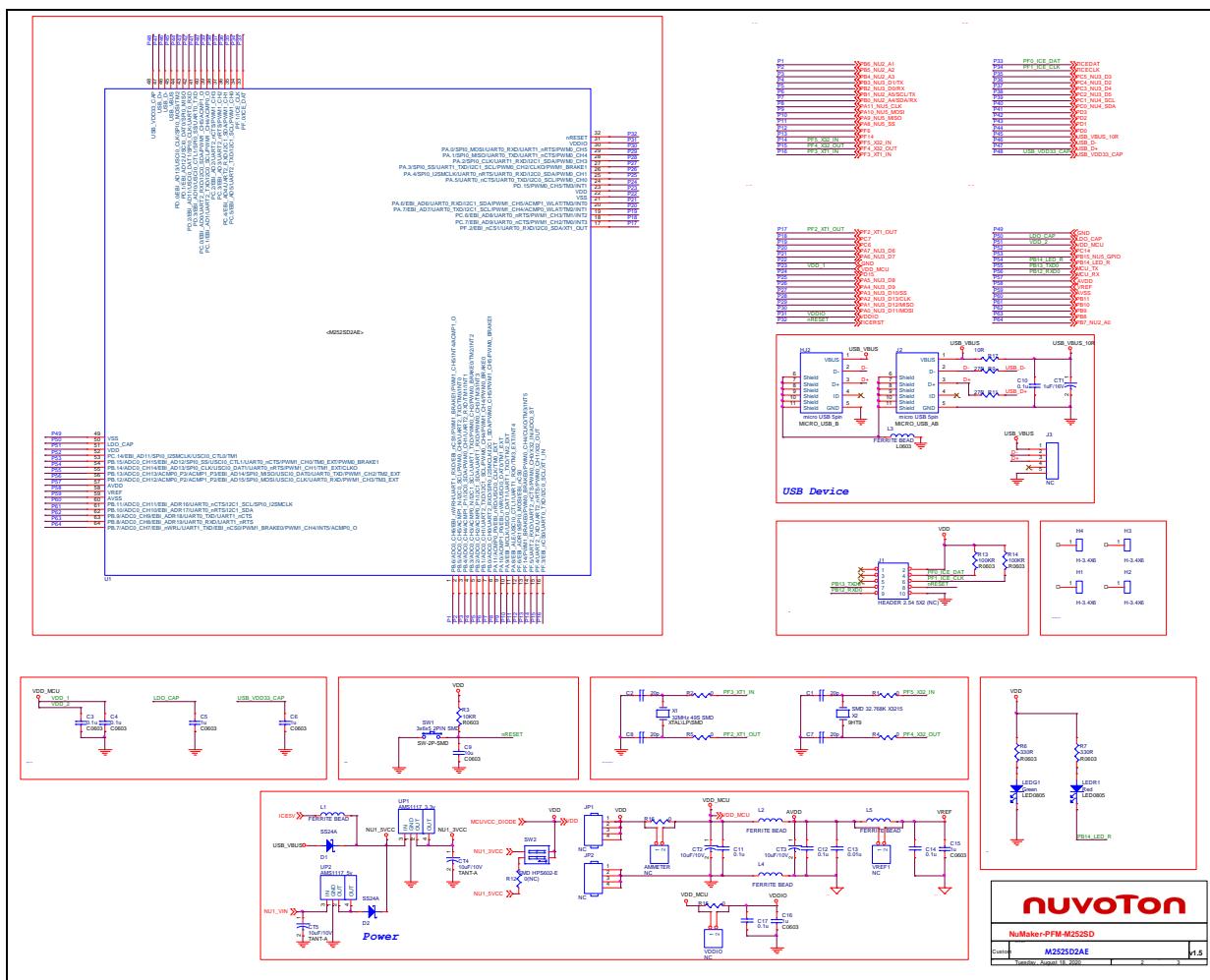


Figure 4-2 M252 platform Circuit

4.3 Extension Connector

Figure 4-3 shows extension connectors of NuMaker-M252SD.

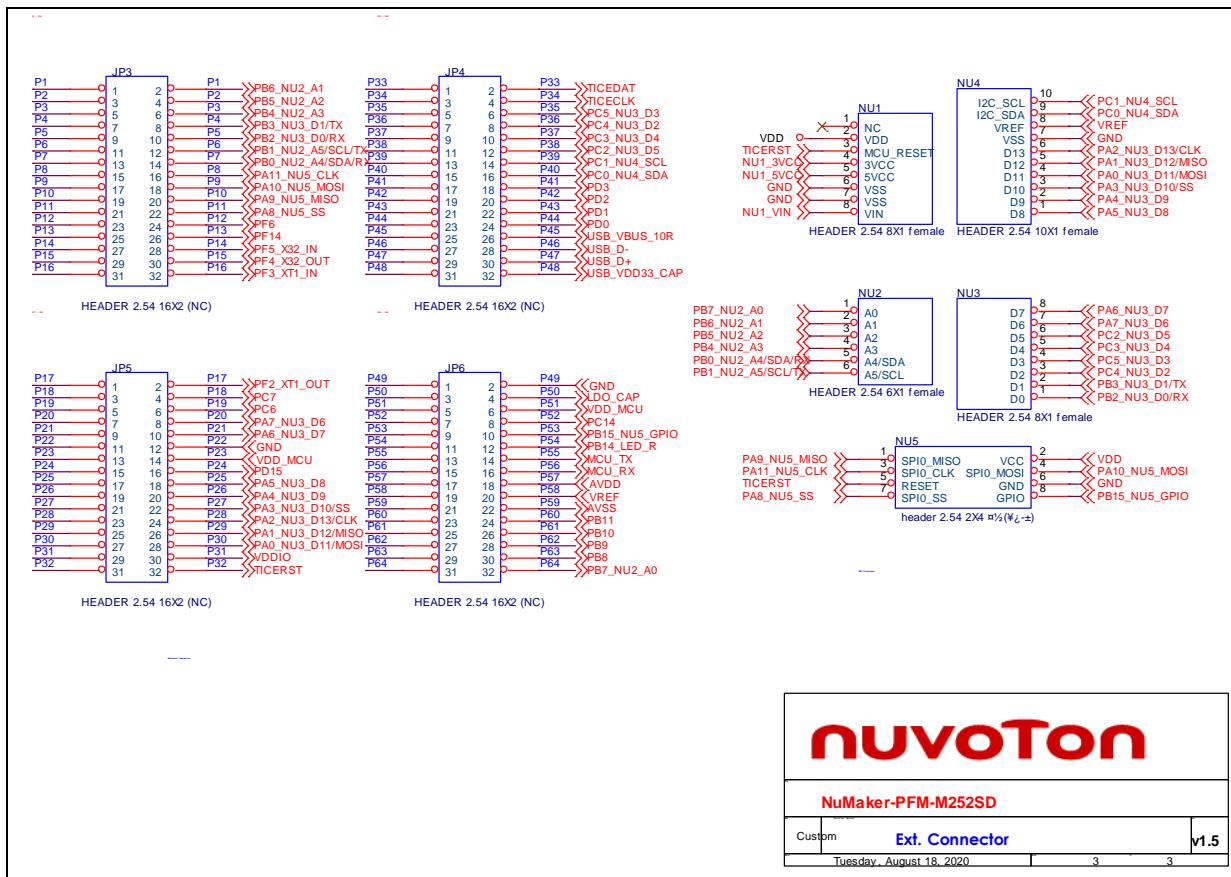


Figure 4-3 Extension Connectors Circuit

4.4 PCB Placement

Figure 4-4 and Figure 4-5 show the front and rear placement of NuMaker-M252SD.

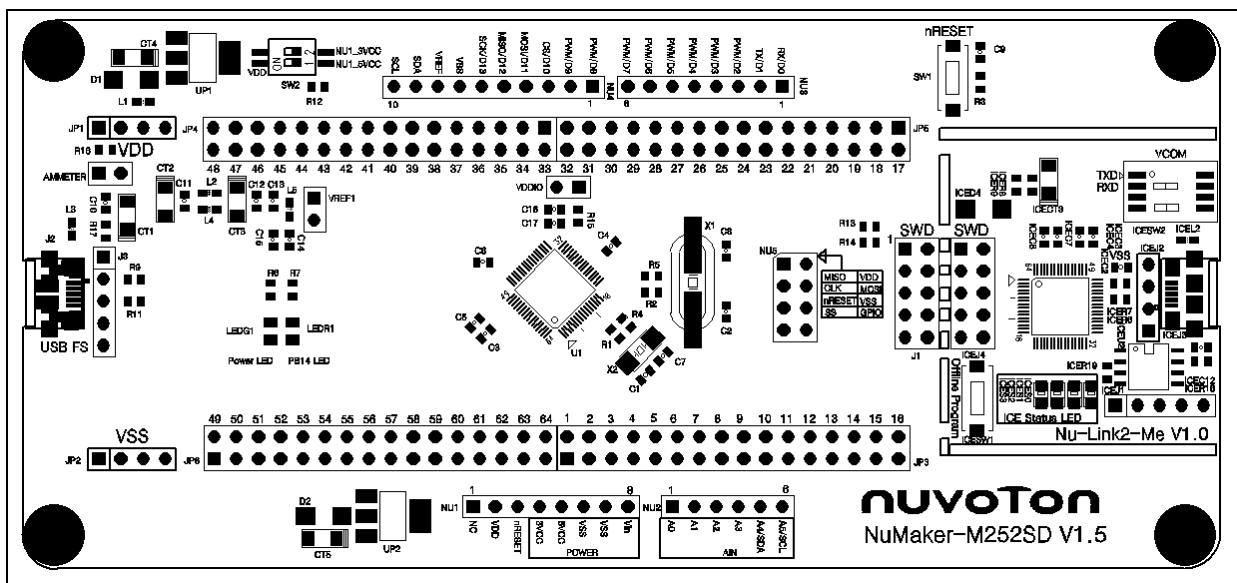


Figure 4-4 Front Placement

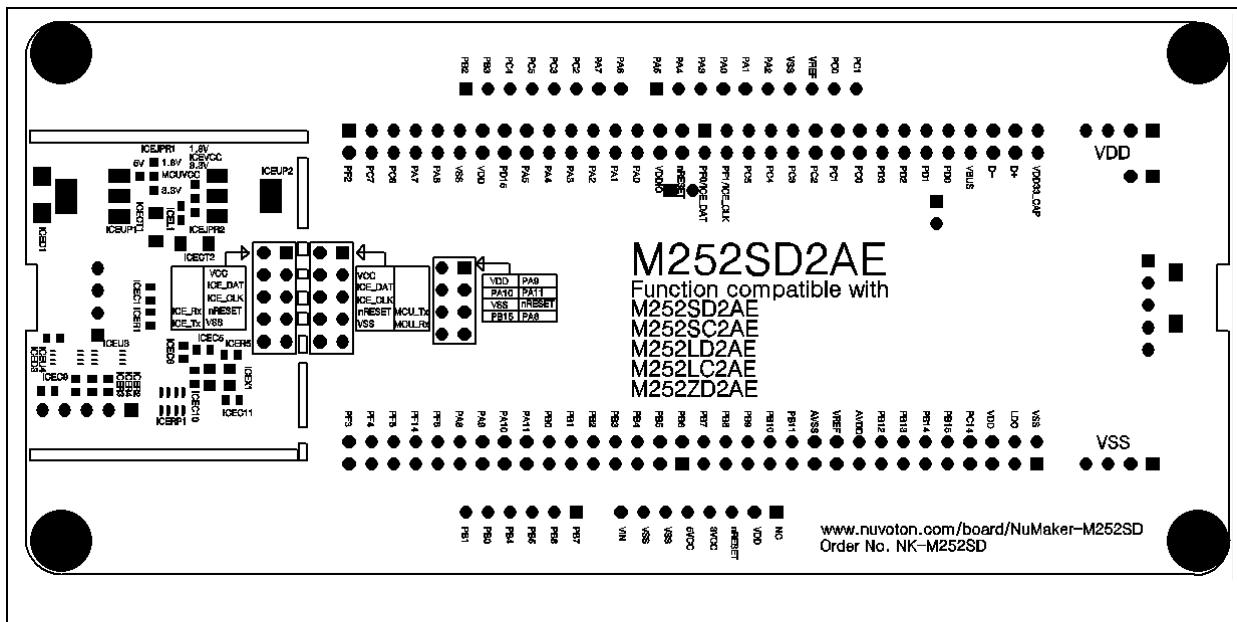


Figure 4-5 Rear Placement

5 REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Description
2019.08.02	1.00	<ol style="list-style-type: none">Initially issued.
2020.08.18	1.01	<ol style="list-style-type: none">Revised document format.Added 10ohm resistor at USB_VBUS pin in NuMaker-M252SD Schematics chapter.

Important Notice

Nuvoton Products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in systems or equipment, any malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or severe property damage. Such applications are deemed, "Insecure Usage".

Insecure usage includes, but is not limited to: equipment for surgical implementation, atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, the control or operation of dynamic, brake or safety systems designed for vehicular use, traffic signal instruments, all types of safety devices, and other applications intended to support or sustain life.

All Insecure Usage shall be made at customer's risk, and in the event that third parties lay claims to Nuvoton as a result of customer's Insecure Usage, customer shall indemnify the damages and liabilities thus incurred by Nuvoton.

Please note that all data and specifications are subject to change without notice.
All the trademarks of products and companies mentioned in this datasheet belong to their respective owners.